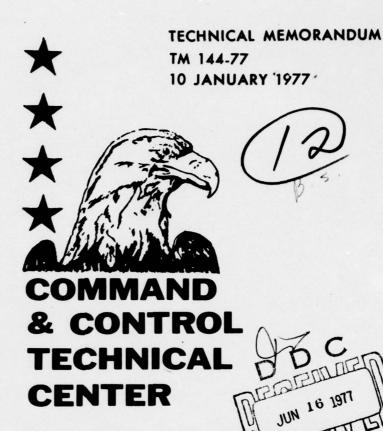


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DESCRIPTION OF THE REMOTE TERMINAL EXECUTIVE (REMTEX) POSTPROCESSOR

DEFENSE COMMUNICATIONS AGENCY

TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

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Technical Memorandum TM 144-77

10 January 1977

DESCRIPTION OF THE REMOTE TERMINAL EXECUTIVE (REMTEX) POSTPROCESSOR

JUN 16 1977

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REVIEWED BY:

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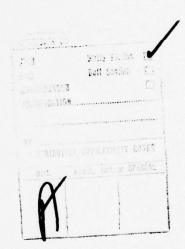
R. E. HARSHBARGER Acting Deputy Director NMCS ADP

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ABSTRACT

This Technical Memorandum (TM) describes the newly developed REMote Terminal EXecutive (REMTEX) postprocessor software system. User interaction and input requirements are described and output formats are presented. Basic program and file maintenance instructions are included.

SECTION 1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 General

The REMote Terminal Executive (REMTEX) software package is a generalized, dictionary-driven, postprocessor system. Its purpose is to retrieve, reformat, and display output data produced by other HIS 600/6000 programs. The output formats available through REMTEX are point graph, histogram, and tabular on the online printer and line graph and histogram on an offline CalComp flat bed plotter. REMTEX is coded in Series 6000 FORTRAN (FORTRAN Y) and will execute at any HIS 600/6000 computer site. To utilize the complete capability of REMTEX, a user's site also should have a CalComp flat bed plotter and one or more interactive remote terminals. Also , users located at Worldwide Military Command and Control System (WWMCCS) sites can utilize the Worldwide Data Management System (WWDMS) to produce additional tabular output reports.

1.2 References

Information on the programming conventions used for the REMTEX program may be found in the following Honeywell Information Systems, Inc., manuals:

- a. Honeywell Information Systems, Inc., Bulk Media Conversion, Order No. DDll, Rev. 0, Wellesley Hills, Mass., April 1974.
- b. Honeywell Information Systems, Inc., Control Cards Reference Manual, Order No. DD31, Rev. 0, Wellesley Hills, Mass., March 1974.
- c. Honeywell Information Systems, Inc., FORTRAN, Order No. DD02, Rev. 0, Wellesley Hills, Mass., January 1975.
- d. Honeywell Information Systems, Inc., GCOS Time-Sharing System General Information, Order No. DD22, Rev. 0, Wellesley Hills, Mass., April 1974.
- e. Honeywell Information Systems, Inc., GCOS Time-Sharing System Programmer's Reference Manual, Order No. DD17, Rev. 0, Wellesley Hills, Mass., March 1974.

- f. Honeywell Information Systems, Inc., GCOS Time-Sharing System Terminal/Batch Interface Facility, Order No. DD21, Rev. 0, Wellesley Hills, Mass., April 1974.
- g. Honeywell Information Systems, Inc., General Comprehensive Operating Supervisor (GCOS), Order No. DD19, Rev. 0, Wellesley Hills, Mass., April 1974.
- h. Honeywell Information Systems, Inc., General Loader, Order No. DDl0, Rev. 0, Wellesley Hills, Mass., March 1974.
- i. Honeywell Information Systems, Inc., General Macro Assembler Program (GMAP), Order No. DD08, Rev. 0, Wellesley Hills, Mass., July 1974.
- j. Honeywell Information Systems, Inc., Utility, Order No. DD12, Rev. 0, Wellesley Hills, Mass., April 1974.

The following documents were used as references for REMTEX:

- a. California Computer Products, Inc., CalComp Basic Software CAL EDIT User's Guide, No. 1058, Anaheim, California, May 1975.
- b. California Computer Products, Inc., CalComp Graphics Functional Software USAS FORTRAN/Business User's Manual, No. 1011, Anaheim, California, Revised October 1969.
- C. Command and Control Technical Center, <u>Institute for Defense Analysis Ground-Air Model II (IDAGAM II)</u>, Computer System Manual CMS UM 201-75, Washington, D.C., October 1976.

SECTION 2. DISCUSSION

This section describes the functioning of REMTEX, the user interaction required for the operation of REMTEX, basic maintenance information for the REMTEX programs and files, and several operational techniques to utilize system flexibility.

2.1 System Description

This subsection presents the environment and the system flow of REMTEX. A graphic representation of the system flow is depicted in figure 1.

- 2.1.1 REMTEX Hardware. The REMTEX system requires the following minimum hardware items for full operation:
 - a. HIS 600/6000 series computer
 - b. 38K available core memory
 - c. Two 9-track tape drives
 - d. Sufficient disk space to accommodate all files (space required will vary from user to user)
 - e. One online printer
 - f. One interactive remote terminal
 - g. One CalComp 7000 flat bed plotter.
- 2.1.2 REMTEX Support Software. The REMTEX system requires the following GCOS software support packages for full operation plus maintenance capability:
 - a. Time-Sharing Subsystem (TSS)
 - b. Series 6000 FORTRAN (FORTRAN Y) Compiler
 - c. General Macro Assembler Program (GMAP)
 - d. Remote Card Input Subsystem (CARDIN)
 - e. Bulk Media Conversion (BMC)

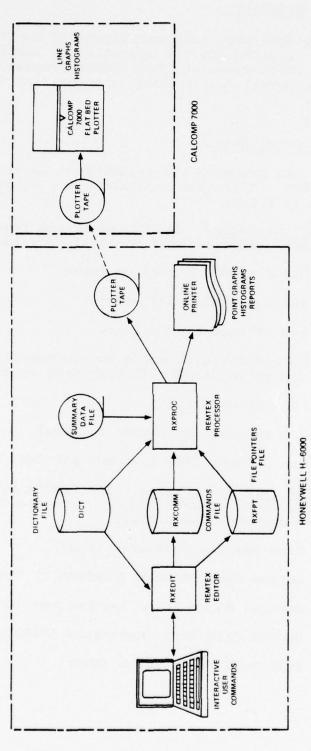


Figure 1. REMTEX System Flowchart

- f. Utility
- g. TEXT EDITOR.
- 2.1.3 REMTEX System Flow. Before initiating REMTEX, the user should provide computer operations with the reel numbers of the magnetic tapes that he intends to use. The user then should obtain an interactive terminal and log on to the computer. Refer to figure 1. When the user calls the REMTEX Editor program, the Editor will ask for the locations of the Commands file, the Dictionary file, and the Summary Data file. After these files are successfully attached and their locations are stored on the File Pointers file, the Editor will initiate a dialog that prompts the user as he enters the commands describing the reports he wants as output. When the user terminates the dialog, the Editor will detach all files and cease execution. The user will then place the REMTEX Processor program in execution through CARDIN. When the user has copied his job number, he may log off the terminal. The Processor will attach the File Pointers file and read the locations of the Commands file, the Dictionary file, and the Summary Data file. These files, as well as the Plotter tape, will then be attached. Based on the reporting requirements in the Commands file and the legal variable definitions in the Dictionary file, the Processor will examine the data from the Summary Data file and reformat and output the retrieved data. The possible output formats are point graphs, histograms, and tables on the online printer and line graphs and histograms on the CalComp 7000. Table 1 defines each output portion that is flagged by a circled number in figures 2 through 6. Figures 2 through 6 depict each type of REMTEX output. When the Processor has completed execution, the user may pick up his online output as part of his execution listing. At this time, the user should submit a request to have the plotter tape processed on the CalComp 7000.

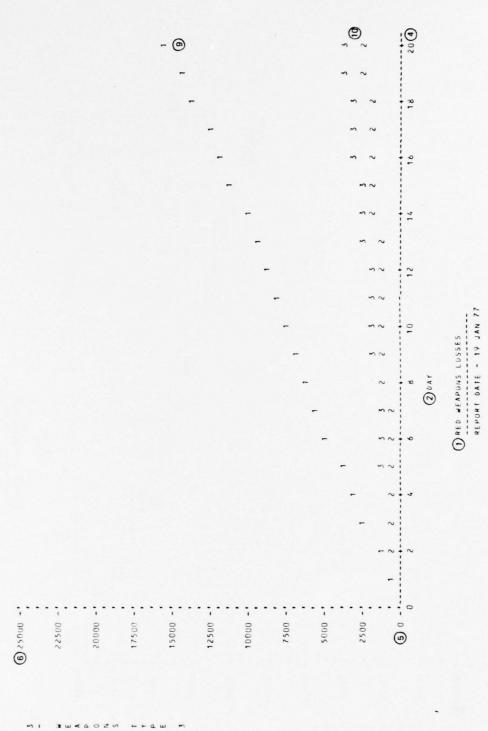
2.2 System Operation

This subsection describes the REMTEX operation and user interaction in detail.

2.2.1 REMTEX Editor and User Interaction. The user must provide the location of the Summary Data file, the Commands file, and the Dictionary file. The user also must specify the processing to be performed. This may be accomplished through user interaction with the REMTEX edit program, RXEDIT. Appendix A contains a source code listing of RXEDIT.

Table 1. Description of User Specified Portions of RXPROC Output as Displayed in Figures 2 Through 6

- 1. Report title, lines 1, 2 and 3
- 2. X-axis title
- 3. Y-axis title
- 4. X-axis scale (upper)
- Y-axis scale (lower)
- 6. Y-axis scale (upper)
- 7. Histogram title
- 8. Data values on histogram bars
- 9. Point graph of Y-axis variable #1 versus X-axis variable
- 10. Point graph of Y-axis variable #2 versus X-axis variable
- 11. Histogram of Y-axis variable versus X-axis variable



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Figure 2. Sample Point Graph From the Online Printer

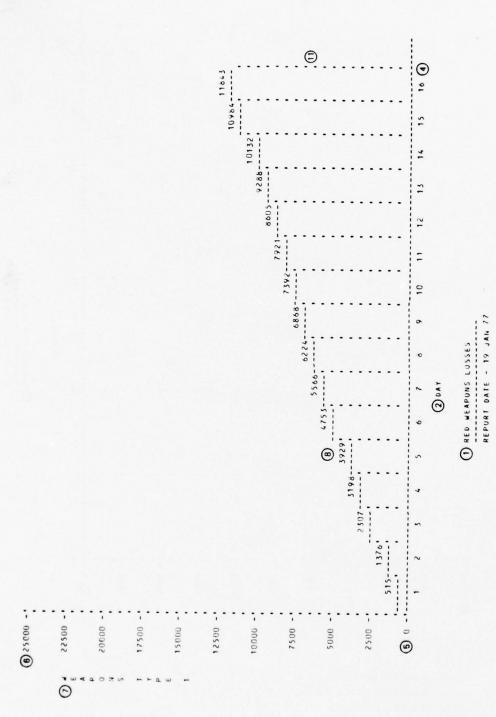


Figure 3. Sample Histogram From the Online Printer

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3 WEAPUHS TYPE 515.0

Figure 4. Sample Table From the Online Printer

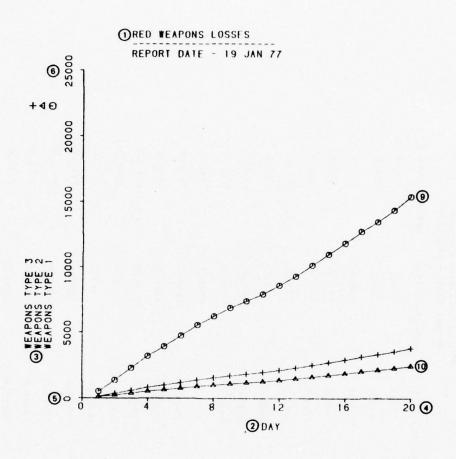


Figure 5. Sample Line Graph From the CalComp Plotter

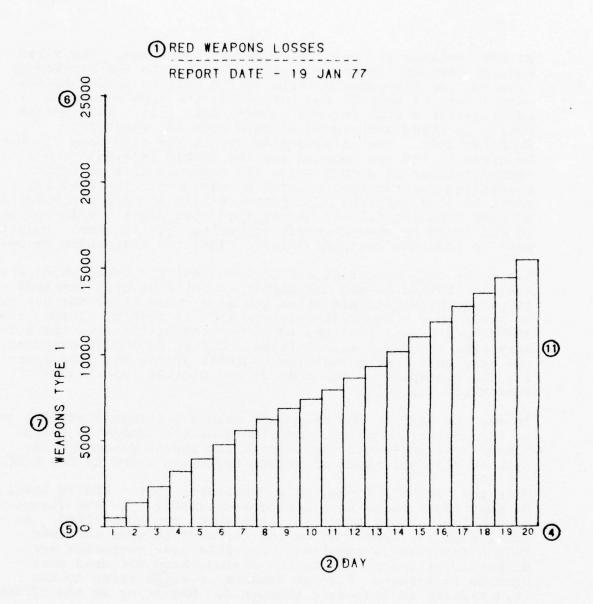


Figure 6. Sample Histogram From the CalComp Plotter

RXEDIT contains two major sections of inquiries. The first section asks for the catalog-file strings for the Dictionary file and for the Commands file (which will be loaded by the second part of RXEDIT) and for either the tape number or catalog-file string for the Summary Data file. This information is keyed and stored on file code 30, the File Pointers file. The catalog-file string for file code 30 must be given in the run command for the RXEDIT program. The second section of RXEDIT loads the Commands file with the processing instructions entered by the user. The user may elect to load only the File Pointers file and use a previously created Commands file or he may load both files. This option is exercised by appropriately answering the question, "Do you want to load the Commands file?". (See the discussion below.)

Since the user specifies all of the files and tapes which are used in REMTEX, he may use RXEDIT to build several Commands files and File Pointers files and save these files for use as he needs them. The File Pointers file is used by RXPROC, the REMTEX processing routine, to locate the Dictionary, the Summary Data and the Commands files. Before RXPROC is executed, the user must ensure that the contents of the JCL file specify the appropriate file code 30 and plotter tape. (See subsection 2.3.3.1.)

To execute RXEDIT, the user must select a terminal and log on to the central computer. Section 4 of the IDAGAM II Users Manual (UM) instructs the user in the log on procedure for each of the four types of remote terminals found in the CCTC.

Once the user has logged on successfully to the SYSTEM level, he must participate in a dialog with RXEDIT. In the discussion below, RXEDIT prompting statements are underlined. An equal sign (=) appearing on the terminal informs the user that a response is required. Possible user responses are discussed at the points in the dialog where the user must provide an answer. Circled numbers, e.g. (2), refer to the illustration in figures 2 through 6. Beginning at the SYSTEM level, the dialog proceeds as follows:

SYSTEM?

YFORT

The system to be used is FORTRAN Y.

OLD OR NEW

NEW

READY

*

RUN catalog-file string for RXEDIT H* file # catalog-file string for File Pointers file "30"

This input from the user attaches the File Pointers file to file code 30 and loads and executes RXEDIT from the H* FILE. Example: RUN 674IDP00/CSC/RXEDITHS # 674IDP00/CSC/RXFPT"30".

NOTIFY COMPUTER OPERATIONS TO OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY MAGNETIC TAPES FROM THE TAPE LIBRARY.

No response is required from the user. This message is a reminder to the user that he must notify computer operations in advance to obtain from the tape library any magnetic tapes required by RXPROC. One tape is required by RXPROC for the plotter data. If the input Summary Data file is on tape, that tape is also required by RXPROC for execution.

REMTEX IS EXECUTING - PLEASE RESPOND WHEN = APPEARS.

ENTER CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE DICTIONARY, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.

Example: 674IDP00/CSC/DICT.

ENTER CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE COMMANDS FILE, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.

=

Example: 674IDP00/CSC/RXCOMM.

ENTER INPUT SOURCE "T", "TAPE", "D", OR "DISK".

=

The user must specify the medium of the Summary Data file. If the user cannot be sure that a tape drive will be available, his summary data should be input from disk.

ENTER TAPE NUMBER OF INPUT SOURCE - 5 INTEGER DIGITS.

=

This prompting statement appears only if the input source is tape, in which case the user must enter a 5-digit reel number. Example: 99999.

ENTER CATALOG-FILE STRING OF INPUT SOURCE - CAT-1/CAT-2/.../ FILE, -- 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.

=

This prompting statement appears only if the input source is disk, in which case the user must enter the appropriate catalog-file string. Example: 674IDP00/CSC/SUMMDATA.

The user responses to the above prompting statements are summarized and displayed by the computer at this point:

CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE DICTIONARY = text

CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE COMMANDS FILE = text

INPUT SOURCE = text

TAPE NUMBER OF INPUT SOURCE = text

or

CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE INPUT SOURCE = text.

DO YOU WISH TO CHANGE ANY CATALOG FILE NAMES - 'YES' OR 'NO'.

=

The YES response causes RXEDIT to return to the prompting statement "ENTER CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE DICTIONARY". The NO response causes RXEDIT to load the File Pointers file and to continue with the following dialog:

DO YOU WISH TO LOAD THE COMMANDS FILE - 'YES' OR 'NO'.

_

The NO response causes the program to detach all files and to terminate immediately. The YES response causes the program to continue the dialog, enabling the Commands file to be loaded.

1) ENTER LINE 1 OF REPORT TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.

Text, self-explanatory.

ENTER LINE 2 OF REPORT TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.

Text, self-explanatory.

ENTER LINE 3 OF REPORT TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.

Text, self-explanatory.

-

=

=

2 ENTER X-AXIS TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.

Text, self-explanatory.

3 ENTER Y-AXIS TITLE 1, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. IF YOU HAVE ALREADY TRANSMITTED YOUR LAST Y-AXIS TITLE, ENTER ONE BLANK AND EXECUTE A CARRIAGE RETURN.

Y-axis title names will continue to be requested until the user either enters a blank character or reaches the limit of six. At least one nonblank title must be entered.

4 ENTER X-AXIS SCALE (UPPER END)--'D', 'DEFAULT', OR A POSITIVE INTEGER, WHICH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 100.

The user either inputs a maximum X range value or defaults to a value to be determined by RXPROC. If the default option is selected for the X-axis scale, the

Y-axis scales (upper and lower) will also be determined by RXPROC and the following Y-axis scale prompting statements will be omitted.

ENTER Y-AXIS SCALE (LOWER END), AN INTEGER WHICH IS GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO ZERO AND LESS THAN ONE MILLION.

Self-explanatory.

6 ENTER Y-AXIS SCALE (UPPER END), AN INTEGER GREATER THAN ZERO AND LESS THAN ONE MILLION.

Self-explanatory.

ENTER X-AXIS VARIABLE NAME, 'DAY' OR 'INDEX'.

The user selects one of the legal X-axis variable names.

ENTER Y-AXIS VARIABLE NAME 1.

The user selects one of the legal Y-axis variable names listed in the Dictionary. A Y-axis variable name must be compatible with the previously selected X-axis variable name.

ENTER QUALIFIER VALUE 1. IF X-AXIS VARIABLE IS 'DAY', ENTER '0' FOR TOTALS OR A POSITIVE INTEGER TO SET AN INDEX VALUE; IF X-AXIS VARIABLE IS 'INDEX', ENTER A POSITIVE INTEGER TO SPECIFY THE DAY NUMBER. THE VALUE MUST BE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 100.

The combination of X-axis variable, Y-axis variable, and qualifier value is illegal if not found in the Dictionary, in which case this interactive program will again ask for the X-axis variable name. The Y-axis variable name and the qualifier value requests will be repeated until the number of Y-axis variable names equals the number of Y-axis titles.

ENTER OUTPUT FORMAT - "H", "HISTOGRAM", "G", "GRAPH", "B", "BOTH", "TABLE".

=

The user selects either a histogram, a graph, or both or he selects a table. If the user selects BOTH, only the first Y-axis variable will appear on the histogram. If the user selects TABLE, a tabular report will be produced on the online printer; no other report will be produced.

1 ENTER HISTOGRAM Y-AXIS TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. BLANK DEFAULTS TO Y-AXIS TITLE 1.

=

This prompting statement appears only if the output format includes histogram.

8 DO YOU WISH TO DISPLAY DATA VALUES ABOVE EACH HISTOGRAM BAR-- "YES" OR "NO".

=

This prompting statement appears only if the output format includes histogram.

ENTER OUTPUT DESTINATION - "C", "CALCOMP", "P", "PRINTER", "B", "BOTH".

=

The user must select either the CalComp 7000 flat bed plotter, the H-6080 online printer, or both for his reports. This prompting statement does not appear if the selected output format was TABLE.

DISPLAY OF REPORT DESIRED - 'YES' OR 'NO'.

=

The NO response will suppress the following summary display of the report request:

LINE 1 OF REPORT TITLE = text

LINE 2 OF REPORT TITLE = text

LINE 3 OF REPORT TITLE = text

X-AXIS TITLE = text

Y-AXIS TITLE n = text

X-AXIS SCALE (UPPER END) = text

Y-AXIS SCALE (LOWER END) = text

Y-AXIS SCALE (UPPER END) = text

X-AXIS VARIABLE NAME = text

Y-AXIS VARIABLE NAME n AND ITS QUALIFIER = text

OUTPUT FORMAT = text

HISTOGRAM Y-AXIS TITLE = text

DISPLAY OF HISTOGRAM DATA = text

OUTPUT DESTINATION = text.

DO YOU WISH TO KEEP THIS REPORT? -- 'YES' OR 'NO'.

The NO response will cause RXEDIT to eliminate this request and continue with the dialog. The YES response retains the request and loads it onto the Commands file.

ADDITIONAL REPORTS DESIRED? - 'YES' OR 'NO'.

=

The YES response causes RXEDIT to initiate a new report request, beginning with the dialog "ENTER LINE 1 OF REPORT TITLE". The NO response causes RXEDIT to terminate after the following dialog:

REMTEX EDIT PROGRAM HAS COMPLETED.

HAVE A NICE DAY.

*

During the execution of the RXEDIT program, various messages may be displayed on the screen, depending on the entries made by the user. Some of these messages are merely informative, others require that the user take some action. Table 2 contains a list of messages which may appear. This table also gives an interretation of each message, indicates what action the user should take and refers to an example of that kind of message in figure 7.

2.2.2 REMTEX Processor Operation. After the user has loaded one or more File Pointer files and one or more Commands files, the user must initiate execution of the REMTEX Processor (RXPROC). The user may accomplish this by returning to the system level at his terminal and initiating the dialog described below. HIS system dialog is underlined.

SYSTEM?

*

CARD

OLD OR NEW

O Catalog-file string for the RXPROC JCL file.

Example: 0 674IDP00/CSC/RXJCL.

READY

*

Before placing the RXPROC JCL into execution, the user should examine it and alter it if the plotter tape reel number or the File Pointers file catalog-file string is different from the one he is using for this REMTEX execution. The JCL may be altered interactively on the terminal after listing. The JCL may be listed by the following dialog.

LIST

Text

*

If the alteration of the RXPROC JCL is permanent, the user should capture the new JCL through the following dialog:

Table 2. Messages Displayed by RXEDIT (Part 1 of 2)

Table 2. Messages Displayed by EXEDIT (Part 1 of 2)

Example in Figure 7	-	7	=	4	ø	,	æ		01
User Action	Enter new catalog-file string when asked.	Read prompting statement to see what entries are legal.	Check the size of the Dictionary list, making sure that the last entry is "222222". Then adjust NDF in loth RXEDIT and RXPROC to accommodate the Dictionary.	Enter a nonblank title.	Enter a legal name.	Enter a legal name.	Try again to enter a legal Com- bination. You have a maximum of 3 tries.	The program lists the entries made by the user so that he can identify his error. Then the user is asked if he wishes to enter additional reports.	This message is informative only and does not indicate an error by the user or that the user should take any action.
Interpretation	The user entered a catalog file string for a file which was not accessible. It may be nomexistent or busy.	Entry was not one which matched the instructions for that prompting statement.	The parameter NDP is smaller than the number of Dictionary Items.	The user has entered a blank Y-axis title.	The user entered a name other than "DAY" or "INDEX" for the X-axis variable name.	The user entered a Y-axis variable name which was not in the Dictionary.	The user entered a combination of Y-axis variable, X-axis variable and qualifier which was not found in the Dictionary.	On his third try, the user was unable to enter a legal combination of Y-axis variable name, X-axis variable name, and qualifier.	The user has specified the output format to be a table.
40 00 00 W	ILLEGAL CATALOG-FILE STRING.	ILLEGAL ENTRY.	COMPLETE DICTIONARY IS NOT IN STORAGE. THERE IS ONLY ROOM FOR IN ITEMS. PROGRAM TERMINATED.	THE FIRST Y-AXIS TITLE CANNOT BE BLANK.	ILLEGAL X-AXIS VARIABLE USED.	ILLEGAL Y-AXIS VARIABLE USED.	ILLEGAL COMBINATION OF Y-AXIS VARIBBLE AND QUALIFIER VALUE. PROGRAM WILL ALLOW YOU IN (*2) HORE THES AT A LEGAL COMBINATION.	YOU HAVE FAILED TO REQUEST A VALID REPORT. THE ENTRIES HADE FOR THIS REPORT WILL BE LONGRED. THE ENTRIES YOU HAVE MADE ARE AS FOLLOWS *	YOUR SELECTION WILL CAUSE A TABLE TO BE PRODUCED BY THE PRINTER. NO PLOTS WILL BE PRODUCED.

de 2. (Part 2 of 2)

Example in Figure 7	sn.
User Action In response to "FURCTION?," the user should enter: AF, catalog-tile string for File Pointers file "30". The TSS will again ask "FURCTION?" The user should enter a null response because there are no more files to be attached.	Continue giving responses to the interactive program but ask for a list of commands at the end to check for errors.
Interpretation This is a TSS message which occurs when the user does not attach file "30" when he begins execution of RXEDIT.	The user has entered alpha characters for an entry which should have been numeric.
Message AT LINE #850 FILE 30 NOT IN AFT. ACCESS CALLED. FUNCTION?	LINE NUMBER LILEGAL CHAR IN DATA ILLEGAL CHAR IN DATA BELOW. ERROR IN COLUMN OF Add. TREAT ILLEGAL

ENTER CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE COMMANDS FILE, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. NOTIFY COMPUTER OPERATIONS TO OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY MAGNETIC TAPES FROM REMTEX IS EXECUTING - PLEASE RESPOND WHEN = APPEARS. ENTER CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE DICTIONARY, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. ILLEGAL CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE DICTIONARY, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE DICTIONARY = 674IDP00/CSC/DICT CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE COMMANDS FILE = 674IDP00/CSC/RXCOM DO YOU WISH TO CHANGE ANY CATALOG FILE NAMES - 'YES' OR ENTER TAPE NUMBER OF INPUT SOURCE - 5 INTEGER DIGITS "T", "TAPE", "D", OR "DISK" "T", "TAPE", "D", OR "DISK" not in aft. access calledaf,674idp00/csc/hfnew"30" TAPE NUMBER OF INPUT SOURCE = 20550 INPUT SOURCE = TAPE =674idp00/csc/rxcom ENTER INPUT SOURCE ENTER INPUT SOURCE =674idp00/csc/dixt =674idp00/csc/dict THE TAPE LIBRARY. at line # 850 ILLEGAL ENTRY SUCCESSFUL FUNCTION? FUNCTION? file 30 =tape =taoe READY =no <u>ق</u> Ğ 0

Illustration of Exception Messages Occurring During Execution of RXEDIT (Part 1 of 7) Figure 7.

DO YOU WISH TO LOAD THE COMMANDS FILE - 'YES' OR 'NO'

=yes

ENTER LINE 1 OF REPORT TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.

=red weapons type 1,2, and 3

ENTER LINE 2 OF REPORT TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.

=which are lost each day of battle

ENTER LINE 3 OF REPORT TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.

=report date 27 dec 76

ENTER X-AXIS TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.

= day

HAVE ALREADY TRANSMITTED YOUR LAST Y-AXIS TITLE, ENTER ONE BLANK IF YOU ENTER Y-AXIS TITLE 1, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. AND EXECUTE A CARRIAGE RETURN. day

HAVE ALREADY TRANSMITTED YOUR LAST Y-AXIS TITLE, ENTER ONE BLANK IF YOU ENTER Y-AXIS TITLE 1, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. THE FIRST Y-AXIS TITLE CANNOT BE BLANK. AND EXECUTE A CARRIAGE RETURN.

ENTER Y-AXIS TITLE 2, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. IF YOU HAVE ALREADY TRANSMITTED YOUR LAST Y-AXIS TITLE, ENTER ONE BLANK AND EXECUTE A CARRIAGE RETURN. =weapons type

HAVE ALREADY TRANSMITTED YOUR LAST Y-AXIS TITLE, ENTER ONE BLANK ENTER Y-AXIS TITLE 3, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. IF YOU AND EXECUTE A CARRIAGE RETURN. -weapons type

HAVE ALREADY TRANSMITTED YOUR LAST Y-AXIS TITLE, ENTER ONE BLANK IF YOU ENTER Y-AXIS TITLE 4, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. AND EXECUTE A CARRIAGE RETURN.

=weapons type 3

Figure 7. (Part 2 of 7)

(

ENTER X-AXIS SCALE (UPPER END) -- 'D', 'DEFAULT', OR A POSITIVE INTEGER, ENTER Y-AXIS SCALE (LOWER END), AN INTEGER WHICH IS GREATER THAN OR IF X-AXIS VARIABLE IS 'INDEX', ENTER A POSITIVE INTEGER TO SPECIFY ENTER QUALIFIER VALUE 1. IF X-AXIS VARIABLE IS 'DAY', ENTER '0' FOR TOTALS OR A POSITIVE INTEGER TO SET AN INDEX VALUE; ENTER QUALIFIER VALUE 1. IF X-AXIS VARIABLE IS 'DAY', ENTER '0' FOR TOTALS OR A POSITIVE INTEGER TO SET AN INDEX VALUE; THE DAY NUMBER. THE VALUE MUST BE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 100. ENTER X-AXIS VARIABLE NAME, 'DAY' OR 'INDEX'. ENTER X-AXIS VARIABLE NAME, 'DAY' OR 'INDEX' GREATER THAN ZERO AND LESS THAN ONE MILLION. ENTER Y-AXIS SCALE (UPPER END), AN INTEGER EQUAL TO ZERO AND LESS THAN ONE MILLION. WHICH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 100. ILLEGAL X-AXIS VARIABLE USED. ILLEGAL Y-AXIS VARIABLE USED. ENTER Y-AXIS VARIABLE NAME 1 6 OF ENTER Y-AXIS VARIABLE NAME ILLEGAL CHAR IN DATA BELOW TREAT ILLEGAL CHAR AS ZERO (ERR #32) ERROR IN COLUMN ***PROG. L# =indez =index =10000 =rwol 9 Ŏ <u>ق</u>

Figure 7. (Part 3 of 7)

ILLEGAL COMBINATION OF Y-AXIS VARIABLE, X-AXIS VARIABLE, AND QUALIFIER VALUE. ILLEGAL COMBINATION OF Y-AXIS VARIABLE, X-AXIS VARIABLE, AND QUALIFIER VALUE. PROGRAM WILL ALLOW YOU I MORE TRIES AT A LEGAL COMBINATION. IF X-AXIS VARIABLE IS 'INDEX', ENTER A POSITIVE INTEGER TO SPECIFY THE DAY NUMBER. THE VALUE MUST BE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 100. IF X-AXIS VARIABLE IS 'INDEX', ENTER A POSITIVE INTEGER TO SPECIFY IF X-AXIS VARIABLE IS 'INDEX', ENTER A POSITIVE INTEGER TO SPECIFY ENTER '0' FOR TOTALS OR A POSITIVE INTEGER TO SET AN INDEX VALUE; ENTER '0' FOR TOTALS OR A POSITIVE INTEGER TO SET AN INDEX VALUE; THE DAY NUMBER. THE VALUE MUST BE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 100. THE DAY NUMBER. THE VALUE MUST BE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 100. 2 MORE TRIES AT A LEGAL COMBINATION. ENTER QUALIFIER VALUE 1. IF X-AXIS VARIABLE IS 'DAY', ENTER QUALIFIER VALUE 1. IF X-AXIS VARIABLE IS 'DAY', THE ENTRIES MADE FOR THIS REPORT WILL BE IGNORED. THE ENTRIES YOU HAVE MADE ARE AS FOLLOWS -ENTER X-AXIS VARIABLE NAME, 'DAY' OR 'INDEX'. ENTER X-AXIS VARIABLE NAME, 'DAY' OR 'INDEX'. YOU HAVE FAILED TO REQUEST A VALID REPORT. ENTER Y-AXIS VARIABLE NAME ENTER Y-AXIS VARIABLE NAME PROGRAM WILL ALLOW YOU =rwll $\widetilde{\odot}$ $\widetilde{\odot}$ $\check{\circledcirc}$

Figure 7. (Part 4 of 7)

2 OF REPORT TITLE = WHICH ARE LOST EACH DAY OF BATTLE

LINE 3 OF REPORT TITLE = REPORT DATE 27 DEC 76

Y-AXIS TITLE 1 = WEAPONS TYPE 1

X-AXIS TITLE =

LINE 1 OF REPORT TITLE = RED WEAPONS TYPE 1,2, AND 3

ENTER X-AXIS SCALE (UPPER END) -- 'D', 'DEFAULT', OR A POSITIVE INTEGER, ENTER Y-AXIS SCALE (LOWER END), AN INTEGER WHICH IS GREATER THAN OR HAVE ALREADY TRANSMITTED YOUR LAST Y-AXIS TITLE, ENTER ONE BLANK HAVE ALREADY TRANSMITTED YOUR LAST Y-AXIS TITLE, ENTER ONE BLANK 000000 000000 ENTER LINE 1 OF REPORT TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. =total blue people type three ENTER LINE 2 OF REPORT TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. ENTER LINE 3 OF REPORT TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. ENTER Y-AXIS TITLE 1, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. IF YOU ENTER Y-AXIS TITLE 2, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. IF YOU Y-AXIS VARIABLE NAME 2 AND ITS QUALIFIER = 000000 Y-AXIS VARIABLE NAME 3 AND ITS QUALIFIER = 000000 NAME 1 AND ITS QUALIFIER = RWL1 ADDITIONAL REPORTS DESIRED? - "YES" OR "NO" ENTER X-AXIS TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM EQUAL TO ZERO AND LESS THAN ONE MILLION. WHICH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 100. SCALE (UPPER END) = 10000 AND EXECUTE A CARRIAGE RETURN. AND EXECUTE A CARRIAGE RETURN. 2 = WEAPONS TYPE 3 = WEAPONS TYPE X-AXIS VARIABLE NAME = INDEX (UPPER END) = =in all sectors of region 2 day (LOWER END) =report date 27 dec 76 Y-AXIS VARIABLE TITLE TITLE SCALE SCALE Y-AXIS X-AXIS Y-AXIS Y-AXIS

Figure 7. (Part 5 of 7)

GREATER THAN ZERO AND LESS THAN ONE MILLION. ENTER Y-AXIS SCALE (UPPER END), AN INTEGER

ENTER X-AXIS VARIABLE NAME, 'DAY' OR 'INDEX'.

ENTER Y-AXIS VARIABLE NAME

IF X-AXIS VARIABLE IS 'INDEX', ENTER A POSITIVE INTEGER TO SPECIFY ENTER '0' FOR TOTALS OR A POSITIVE INTEGER TO SET AN INDEX VALUE; THE DAY NUMBER. THE VALUE MUST BE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 100. ENTER QUALIFIER VALUE 1. IF X-AXIS VARIABLE IS 'DAY',

ENTER OUTPUT FORMAT - "H", "HISTOGRAM", "G", "GRAPH", "B", "BOTH", "TABLE" =table ٥

YOUR SELECTION WILL CAUSE A TABLE TO BE PRODUCED BY THE PRINTER. NO

PLOTS WILL BE PRODUCED. DISPLAY OF REPORT DESIRED - 'YES' OR 'NO'

=no

DO YOU WISH TO KEEP THIS REPORT? -- 'YES' OR 'NO'

ADDITIONAL REPORTS DESIRED? - "YES" OR "NO"

REMTEX EDIT PROGRAM HAS COMPLETED

HAVE A NICE DAY

NOTIFY COMPUTER OPERATIONS TO OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY MAGNETIC TAPES FROM REMTEX IS EXECUTING - PLEASE RESPOND WHEN = APPEARS THE TAPE LIBRARY. *run

7 (Part 6 of Figure 7.

ENTER CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE COMMANDS FILE, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. ENTER CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE DICTIONARY, 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. =674idp00/csc/dict

=674idp00/csc/rxcom

ENTER TAPE NUMBER OF INPUT SOURCE - 5 INTEGER DIGITS "T", "TAPE", "D", OR "DISK" ENTER INPUT SOURCE

CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE DICTIONARY = 674IDP00/CSC/DICT CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE COMMANDS FILE = 674IDP00/CSC/RXCOM

DO YOU WISH TO CHANGE ANY CATALOG FILE NAMES - 'YES' OR 'NO' not in aft. access called-TAPE NUMBER OF INPUT SOURCE = 20550 INPUT SOURCE = TAPE at line # 850 file 30

af,674idp00/csc/hfnew"30" SUCCESSFUL FUNCTION?

FUNCTION?

100 ITEMS. PROGRAM TERMINATED. DO YOU WISH TO LOAD THE COMMANDS FILE - 'YES' OR 'NO' (O) COMPLETE DICTIONARY IS NOT IN STORAGE.

(Part 7 of 7) Figure 7. RESAVE file name for the RXPROC JCL file.

Example: RESAVE RXJCL

*

The user is now ready to execute RXPROC through the following dialog.

RUN

CARD FORMAT, DISPOSITION

N

SNUMB ddddT

The user must write down the SNUMB in order to claim his job at the control desk upon completion of REMTEX execution. When the user claims his output, he also may submit the plotter tape produced by RXPROC, if any, to the CalComp 7000 plotter through the normal job submission procedure.

*

BYE

LINE TERMINATED

The user has completed his dialog and his terminal has been disconnected from the H-6080 computer.

2.3 System Maintenance

This subsection describes the maintenance procedures for the RXEDIT and RXPROC programs and the REMTEX files.

- 2.3.1 RXEDIT Program Maintenance. The REMTEX Editor (RXEDIT) is coded in HIS TSS FORTRAN using structured programming. Each interactive sequence is coded according to the following logic:
 - a. Display prompting statement.
 - b. Read the user reply.

- c. Test the reply for validity; if invalid, display an error message and display the prompting statement again.
- d. Display the next pertinent prompting statement.

The format statements used to display the prompting statements contain English language phrases, making the RXEDIT program self-documenting and, consequently, easy to follow.

RXEDIT contains six major sections. The first section contains a set of inquiries about the files and tapes to be used in RXEDIT and RXPROC. The keyed replies are loaded onto the File Pointers file for input to RXPROC. The second section reads the items from the Dictionary file into core memory. The third section is a set of inquiries regarding the report which the user is requesting. If the user so elects, a display of this report is given by the fourth section of code. If the user wishes to implement this report, the fifth section loads the keyed requests onto the Commands file. Sections 3, 4, and 5 are executed for each report requested by the user. Finally, the files are detached and the program is terminated in the sixth section.

RXEDIT calls a time-sharing FORTRAN subroutine called ADJUST. This routine takes a six-character word which is left justified and right justifies its contents. This is accomplished by shifting characters to the right, one character for each trailing blank in the original word. The right justified word will have leading blanks if any shifting was necessary. Subroutine ADJUST is on the same file as RXEDIT.

To alter the RXEDIT code, the maintenance programmer must log on to a terminal and follow the steps presented below:

SYSTEM?

YFORT

OLD OR NEW

OLD catalog-file string for RXEDIT source code

Example: OLD 674IDP00/CSC/RXEDIT.

*

LIST mmmm-nnnn

The user may elect to display portions of the RXEDIT code on his terminal. In this case, lines mmmm through nnnn will be displayed. (The initial alter number precedes the hyphen and the final alter number follows it.)

mmmm code

.

nnnn code

*

mmmm code

The user inputs an alter number followed by TSS FORTRAN code. If the alter number does not exist, the number and its line of code are entered in proper numerical sequence into RXEDIT. If the alter number does exist, the new line of code replaces the old line of code.

DELE mmmm-nnnn

To delete lines of code, the user enters the word DELE, followed by the alter numbers of those lines to be deleted.

*

RESA file name for RXEDIT source code

The updated version of RXEDIT will now replace the old version.

Example: RESA RXEDIT.

RXEDIT SAVED

*

BYE

This maintenance technique is applicable to all files that are TSS format.

Whenever the RXEDIT routine is altered, it should be recompiled and a new H* file created. This is accomplished on the terminal, beginning at the system level, through the following dialog:

SYSTEM?

YFORT

OLD OR NEW

OLD catalog-file string for the revised RXEDIT source code

READY

*

RUN = catalog-file string for the RXEDIT H* # catalog-file string for the File Pointers file"30".

The next time the user wishes to run RXEDIT, he may do so from the newly created H^{\star} file.

- 2.3.2 RXPROC Program Maintenance. The RXPROC program consists of the main routine, three FORTRAN subroutines, PLOTTR, NEWAX, and ERRMSG, and one GMAP subroutine, MORE. Appendix B contains a complete source code listing of RXPROC. Each of these routines resides on a separate source code file and object code file. The JCL setup, shown in table 3, will allow a maintenance programmer to alter the RXPROC routines.
- 2.3.2.1 RXPROC Main Routine Logic. The source code of the main routine of RXPROC is divided into nine sections, lettered A through I, by comment cards. The RXPROC logic will be discussed by section.
- 2.3.2.1.1 Section A. This section performs the initial, nonrepetitive housekeeping functions. The plotter tape is opened and assigned to file code 25 through the CalComp Basic Software Package Subroutine PLOTS. The File Pointers file (file code 30) is opened and searched sequentially. When the key DIC is found, the Dictionary file is attached via the catalog-file string and assigned to file code 10. When the key COM is found, the Commands file is attached via the

Table 3. JCL for Altering RXPROC Routines (Part 1 of 3)

```
$
       SNUMB
                Installation-dependent
$
                Installation-dependent
       IDENT
$
       USERID
               Installation-dependent
$
       OPTION
               FORTRAN
$
       FORTY
                DECK, COMDK
$
                S*,R,S,catalog-file string for RXPROC source
       PRMFL
                  code file
$
                C*, W, S, catalog-file string for RXPROC object
       PRMFL
                  code file
$
       FILE
                K*, X1S, 10L
$
       UPDATE
               LIST
       alter deck for RXPROC
$
       CONVERT NSPIN
$
       FILE
                IN,X1S
                OT, W, S, catalog-file string for RXPROC source
$
       PRMFL
                  code file
$
       FORTY
                DECK, COMDK
$
       PRMFL
                S*,R,S,catalog-file string for PLOTTR source
                  code file
$
                C*, W, S, catalog-file string for PLOTTR object
       PRMFL
                 code file
$
                K*,X1S,10L
       FILE
$
       UPDATE
               LIST
       alter deck for PLOTTR
$
       CONVERT NSPIN
$
       FILE
                IN,X1S
$
                OT, W, S, catalog-file string for PLOTTR source
       PRMFL
                  code file
$
       FORTY
                DECK, COMDK
                S*,R,S,catalog-file string for NEWAX source
       PRMFL
                  code file
```

Table 3. (Part 2 of 3)

```
$
                C*,W,S,catalog-file string for NEWAX object
       PRMFL
                  code file
$
       FILE
                K*,X1S,10L
       UPDATE
               LIST
       alter deck for NEWAX
$
       CONVERT NSPIN
       FILE
                IN, X1S
$
       PRMFL
                OT, W, S, catalog-file string for NEWAX source
                  code file
       FORTY
$
                DECK, COMDK
                S*,R,S,catalog-file string for ERRMSG source
$
       PRMFL
                  code file
                C*, W, S, catalog-file string for ERRMSG object
$
       PRMFL
                  code file
$
                K*, X1S, 10L
       FILE
$
       UPDATE
               LIST
       alter deck for ERRMSG
$
       CONVERT NSPIN
       FILE
                IN, X1S
                OT, W, S, catalog-file string for ERRMSG source
$
       PRMFL
                  code file
$
       GMAP
                DECK, COMDK
$
       PRMFL
                G*,R,S,catalog-file string for MORE source
                  code file
                C*, W, S, catalog-file string for MORE object
$
       PRMFL
                  code file
$
       FILE
                K*, X1S, 10L
       UPDATE
               LIST
```

Table 3. (Part 3 of 3)

alter deck for MORE

\$ CONVERT NSPIN
\$ FILE IN,X1S
\$ PRMFL OT,W,S,catalog-file string for MORE source code file
\$ ENDJOB

catalog-file string and assigned to file code 15. If the key CFS is found, the Summary Data file is attached via the catalog-file string and assigned to file code 20. If the key TPN is found, the Summary Data file is attached via the tape reel number and Subroutine MORE and is assigned to file code 20. If no tape drive is available, RXPROC will notify the operator and RXPROC will be placed in HOLD status. When all of the records in the File Pointers file have been read and processed, RXPROC reads the Dictionary data. The Y-variable information in each record is stored in the following arrays:

DNAM(n,1) - Y variable name

DNAM(n,2) - legal X variable name

DQUAL - legal Y variable qualifier (indexed or nonindexed)

DFORM - index of the format statement for decoding the record

DTYP - data type, 0 = integer, 1 = real

DTAB - record key value

DENT - Y variable data field location within the record.

When the Y variable name ZZZZZZZ is read in, all of the legal Y variables have been read. The next record contains the number of format statements on the Dictionary file and the remaining records contain the format statements, which are read in and stored in array FORM.

- 2.3.2.1.2 Section B. This section performs recurring house-keeping. All arrays and variables are reinitialized for each report.
- 2.3.2.1.3 Section C. This section reads the commands that constitute a report request. Each command is interpreted and the appropriate action is performed. When the End-of-Report command (ERP) is read, RXPROC transfers to Section D to process the report.
- 2.3.2.1.4 Section D. This section compares the variable names requested for the report with the legal variable combinations specified in the Dictionary. If any requested variable is illegal, the report will be omitted.

- 2.3.2.1.5 Section E. This section reads the Summary Data file and compares each key against the group of variables that were requested for this report. When a match is found, the data is retrieved from its data field within the record and stored in the YDAT data array. The location of the data field and the form of the data (real or integer) are determined by Dictionary information. Also, the maximum value for X is obtained and saved. When the Summary Data file has been searched completely, RXPROC transfers to Section F.
- 2.3.2.1.6 Section F. This section sets the maximum X and Y scale values (user default) or, alternatively, tests the X and Y values against the scales requested by the user. If this section sets the maximum Y scale value, the value will be one digit followed by one or more zeros, such as 6000. Also, the Summary Data file is rewound to position it for the next report, if any.
- 2.3.2.1.7 Section G. This section converts the report values in array YDAT to printer positions and stores them in array PTDATA.
- 2.3.2.1.8 Section H. This section sets up those reports to be plotted, if any, and calls Subroutine PLOTTR to place the report onto the plotter tape.
- 2.3.2.1.9 Section I. This section sets up and outputs print page images. First the Y scale increments are set. If the report format is a histogram, a Y-axis label is set from the user request. Then each X scale value is set, the corresponding bar is constructed from array PTDATA and, optionally, the Y data value is placed on top of the bar. If over 16 X values are required, one printer page of the histogram will be output and a new print page will be initiated for the remaining bars.
- If the report format is a point graph, the Y-axis labels will be set from the user request. Next, the X scale increments will be set. Finally, the data points will be extracted from array PTDATA and placed into the appropriate positions within the print page image, and the point graph will be written to the printer.
- If the report format is a table, no histogram or point graph will be output. First, the report title, page number, and column headers are set up. Next, the data lines are set up. The first column contains the X data values in ascending

increments. The remaining columns contain as many corresponding Y values as the user has requested. If the data values exceed the capacity of the printer page, the page will be output and the title and header information will be regenerated. When all requested report formats have been output, RXPROC will return to Section B to begin the next report.

2.3.2.2 PLOTTR Logic. Subroutine PLOTTR (NUM) is called by RXPROC for one of three purposes: (1) to write commands on the plotter tape for drawing a line graph, (2) to write commands on the plotter tape for drawing a histogram, or (3) to close out the plotter tape. The input argument NUM is used with (1) and (2) to indicate the index of the plot whose commands are being written to tape. This value is used to position the pen on the CalComp plotter. When PLOTTR is called to close out the plotter tape, NUM is set to zero.

PLOTTR uses two routines which are part of the CalComp Basic Software Package, SYMBOL and LINE. The SYMBOL routine produces annotation, and LINE produces a line plot of pairs of data points. PLOTTR also uses the routine BAR, which draws bars with or without hatching. BAR is part of the CalComp Graphic Functional Software Package. The CalComp Basic Software Package also contains AXIS which plots an axis and writes the scale values in a real format with two decimal places. However, AXIS does not meet the needs of this program, so NEWAX was written to plot an axis with scale values in integer format.

The first major section of PLOTTR sets up and writes the line graph commands to the plotter tape. Using the scaling range determined in RXPROC, Subroutine NEWAX is called to draw the X and Y axes, with their associated scale values in integer format. Through calls to Subroutine SYMBOL, each axis label and the report titles are printed. The Y axis may have up to six titles, one for each line graph to be drawn on the same pair of axes. For each line graph, the data points are loaded into the arrays XPLT and YPLT and Subroutine LINE is called to draw the line graph connecting the data points. Finally the plotter pen is repositioned for the next plot and a new origin is established.

The second section of PLOTTR sets up and writes the histogram commands to the plotter tape. The Y coordinate data values are loaded into the Y array. As in the first section, NEWAX and SYMBOL are called to plot the axes and label the plot. The width of the bars is determined from the length of the X-axis and the number of data points. Then, for each X

value, the height of the bar is determined and Subroutine BAR is called to draw the bar.

The third section calls Subroutine PLOT to close out the plotter tape. PLOT is also part of the CalComp Basic Software Package.

2.3.2.3 NEWAX Logic. Subroutine NEWAX (XPAGE, YPAGE, AXLEN, ANGLE, FIRSTV, DELTAV) plots an axis with a tick mark every inch and writes the scale values in integer format. The arguments of NEWAX are as follows:

XPAGE, YPAGE are the coordinates, in inches, of the axis line's starting point.

AXLEN is the length of the axis line, in whole inches.

ANGLE is the angle, in degrees (either 0. or 90.) at which the axis is drawn. The value is 0° for the X axis and 90° for the Y axis.

is the starting value, in real whole numbers, which appears at the first tick mark on the axis. This number and each scale value along the axis is drawn in integer format. Since the digit size is .1 inches (10 characters per inch) and since a scale value appears every inch, the scale values must be no more than 8 digits plus a sign.

DELTAV represents the number of data units per inch of the axis. This value, which must be a real whole number, is added to FIRSTV for each succeeding 1-inch division along the scale.

2.3.2.4 ERRMSG Logic. Subroutine ERRMSG outputs error messages for RXPROC and performs relevant housekeeping. The error messages and their meanings are presented in table 4. Depending on the nature of the error that was encountered, ERRMSG will (1) return control to RXPROC for continued processing, (2) position the Commands file to the next report

Exception Messages Produced by Subroutine ERRMSG (Part 1 of 2) Table 4.

User Action Check RXPROC for call to ERRHSG with a value for IERR outside of range.	Check out Commands file to determine reason for illegal command.	Rerun KKPROC. If error still present, recreate Commands file.	Increase parameter NDF in inco- active program and in RXPROC to accommodate all items of the Dictionary.	Review requirements of scale ranges.	provided to alert the user that one or more data points will be suppressed on the online printer point graph.	Check this combination against the Dictionary entries.	Determine the reason that the file was not available. The file may be nonexistent or busy.	Check Commands file for extra Y variable names:	Check the Summary Data file to ensure that it has the appropriate format.
Program Action Continues processing.	Reads next command on Commands file.	Program terminates.	Program terminates.	Sets scale range to default range and continues proceesing.	Continues processing.	Advances the Commands file to the next report.	Program terminates.	Reads next command on Commands file.	Program terminates.
MESSAGE - CHECK RYPROC.	WARNING - ILLEGAL COMMAND ON COM- MANDS FILE.	IRRECOVERABLE I/O ERROR ON COMMANDS FILE. PROGRAM TERMINATED.	NUMBER OF DICTIONARY ITEMS EXCEEDS STORAGE SPACE. PROGRAM TERMINATED.	WARNING-SCALE RANGE TOO SMALL. DEFAULT RANGE USED.	MARNING-TWO OR MORE DATA POINTS OCCUPY THE SAME POSITION.	YVAR, XVAR, IQUAL COMBINATION IS NOT LISTED IN THE DICTIONARY. REPORT NUMBER IN HAS BEEN OMITTED.	UNABLE TO ATTACH SPECIFIED FERM FILE. PROGRAM TERMINATED.	WARNING-THE NUMBER OF Y VARIABLE NAMES EXCREDS THE NUMBER OF Y TYTLES. EXTRA Y VARIABLE NAMES HAVE BEEN TOWNED.	MORD DAY NOT ERCOUNTERED ON FILE 20. PROGRAM TERMINATED.
Error Message Number <1 or >15	-	7	·	•	s	vo.	,	30	6

Table 4. (Part 2 of 2)

User Action	Rerun program. If error still present, recreate Summary Data file.	Compare value for DAY index against Summary Date it.le. This message usually occurs when the requested day is greater than the number of days covered by the summary data.	Check the File Pointers file for invalid commands.	Rerun program. If error still exists, recreate Dictionary file.	Check Dictionary file for "222222" card terminating Dictionary items.	Check Dictionary file for validity of data describing the formats.
Program Action	Program terminates.	Advances the Commands file to the next report.	Returns to read next record on File Pointers file,	Program terminates.	Program terminates.	Program terminates.
Message	IMPECOVERABLE I/O ERROR ON DATA FILE 20. PROGRAM TERMINATED.	REPORT NUMBER n HAS BEEN OMITTED, APPROPRIATE VALUES FOR DAY HOT FOUND ON DATA FILE 20.	WARNING-ILLEGAL COMMAND ON FILE POINTERS FILE.	IRRECOVERABLE 1/0 ERROR ON DICTIONARY FILE. PROGRAM TERMINATED.	ABRORMAL ENDING FOR ITEMS IN THE DICTIONARY. PROGRAM TERMINATED.	INCORRECT ENTRY OF DATA DESCRIBING FORMATS ASSOCIATED WITH THE DICTIONARY ITEMS. PROGRAM TERMINATED.
Error Messaye Number	10	a	12	13		15

request and return to RXPROC for processing of the next report request, or (3) return to RXPROC for immediate termination.

- 2.3.2.5 MORE Logic. Subroutine MORE is a GMAP routine that uses the MME GEMORE instruction to attach a magnetic tape.

 MORE is called once by RXPROC if the Summary Data file is on tape. The first argument points to a descriptive array, the second argument gives the number of entries in the array (always 1 for RXPROC), and the third argument is a status word. An entry in the descriptive array (ITAPE for RXPROC) consists of a word pair. The second word contains the reel number in five characters, left justified. The reel number is obtained from the File Pointers file. The first word is BCD and contains media type (3 = 9-track magnetic tape), left justified, and the file code (20 for RXPROC), right justified. Element ITAPE(1) is always preset to 300020 in RXPROC.
- 2.3.3 REMTEX File Maintenance. The REMTEX file formats consist of TSS files and BCD files.
- 2.3.3.1 TSS Files. In addition to the RXEDIT source code file, which was discussed in subsection 2.3.1, a JCL file exists in TSS format that allows a user to initiate a run from his remote terminal. Table 5 lists typical REMTEX JCL. The contents of a TSS JCL file can be altered and saved through the same technique that is employed for the RXEDIT source code file (see subsection 2.3.1).
- 2.3.3.2 BCD Files. REMTEX employs the following BCD files:

File Code	File Name	Loaded By
10	Dictionary	User
15	Commands	RXEDIT
20	Summary Data	User's program
25	Plotter Tape	RXPROC
30	File Pointers	RXEDIT

The Plotter Tape is an intermediate file produced on the H-6000 and used as input to the CalComp 7000. Since it is a work file, no further discussion of it will be presented. All of the other BCD files may be generated by the following code:

Table 5. Example of a JCL File for Executing RXPROC From the Terminal

10\$: IDENT: 4513, RXPRO, 315, JOHN ROLEY, 674, 10 20\$: OPTION: FORTRAN 305: LOWLOAD 40\$:USE:.GTLIT 50\$: SELECT: 674IDP00/CSC/RXPROCOB 60\$: SELECT: 674IDPOO/CSC/ERRMSGOB 70\$: SELECT: 674IDP00/CSC/PLOTTROB 80\$: SELECT: 674IDPOO/CSC/NEWAXOB 90\$: SELECT: 674IDPOO/CSC/MOREOB 1005:LIBRARY:PL 110\$:EXECUTE:DUMP 120\$:LIMITS:25,38K,-4K,10K 130\$:PRMFL:PL,R,R,LIBRARY/PLOTLIBN 1405: PRMFL: 30, R, S, 674 IDP 00/CSC/RXFPT 150\$:TAPE:25, X3D,,99999,,PLOTTER-TAPE,,DEN8 1605:FFILE:25,FIXLNG/80,BUFSIZ/81 170\$:ENDJOB

- installation-dependent SNUMB \$ IDENT installation-dependent USERID installation-dependent \$ CONVERT NSPIN
- DATA IN,, COPY

punched card deck containing data to be loaded

- ENDCOPY
- \$ PRMFL OT, W, S, catalog-file string for file to be loaded

ENDJOB

Normally, only the Dictionary file will be loaded as described above. However, in the following discussion, the data fields will be specified for all of the BCD files, enabling a user to set up a punched card deck representing each file.

2.3.3.2.1 Dictionary File and Summary Data File. Since these two files are interrelated, they will be discussed together.

The REMTEX package is independent of the type of summary data used as input. However, this data must be in the appropriate format and a Dictionary must be developed to guide REMTEX in reading the data. Table 6 partially lists the contents of a Summary Data file.

The data must meet the following requirements:

- Groups of data are divided into sections by a leading card with DAY in the columns 1 through 3, blank in column 4, day index in columns 5 and 6, and a 2-digit program code in columns 7 and 8. The day index in I2 format indicates the day of battle with which the following data are associated. The program code in I2 format is any value the user wishes to specify to identify his program. (See (1) of table 6.)
- The data cards which follow the DAY card are formatted so that columns 1 through 4 contain a key, columns 5 and 6 contain an index value, and columns 7 through 132 contain the actual

Table 6. Format for the Summary Data File

① DAY 1 1				
2 1101 1 1101 2 1101 3 1101 4 1101 5 1101 6 1101 7 1101 8 1101 9 110110 110111 110200 1103 1 1103 2 1103 3 1103 4 1103 5 1103 6 1103 7 1103 8 1103 9 110310 110311 110400	0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 270.56 0. 0. 0. 811.68 0. 1082.24 0. 0. 0. 0. 7.43 0. 0. 0. 4.63 0. 12.06	315.41 18.13 9.06 82.96 0. 155.97 5.06 10.33 57.12 0. 24.64 678.68 3.99 0.25 0.09 0.28 0. 6.51 0.22 0.43 1.35 0. 1.06 14.17	309.22 17.77 8.89 93.33 0. 175.47 5.69 11.62 64.26 0. 27.72 713.97 2.99 0.18 0.07 0.21 0. 4.88 0.17 0.32 1.01 0. 0.79 10.63	0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 132.35 3.91 8.25 0. 0. 0. 144.52 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 4.07 0.13 0.26 0. 0. 0.
DAY 2 1	0. 0. 0. 0. 507.93 0. 0. 0.	718.55 43.06 21.53 189.58 0. 355.13 11.87 24.63 130.54 0.	754.96 45.35 22.67 228.61 0. 428.16 14.30 29.79 157.42	0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 745.27 24.95 50.95 0.

data to be processed. (See 2 of table 6.)
No two lines of data may be identical in columns 1 through 6 within the same day.

Table 7 shows both a sample Summary table, which is produced by IDAGAM II for each day of battle, and the format of this data on the Summary Data file. In creating the Summary Data file by IDAGAM II, the first two digits of the key were used to denote the Summary table number from which the data was taken, in this case number 11. The table was then divided into four groups as indicated in table 7. The second two digits of the key were used to denote the group within the table from which the data were taken. For the key 1101, the index values of 1 through 11 in columns 5 and 6 denote the various missions. An index value of 0 is used for the key 1102 to denote that this data record is a set of totals; no other data records within this day will have the key 1102. The data which follow the index may be of any format but they must be contained in columns 7 through 132. Table 8 lists the data for the first day of battle as contained on a Summary Data file produced by IDAGAM II.

The Summary Data file format has been set up in this manner to allow the user flexibility in his choice of variables to be plotted. The user can elect to plot the days of battle versus any piece of data on the file. For example, he might plot day versus the number of CAS missions flown by aircraft type F-104. He might also choose to plot, for a specified day of battle, the 11 types of missions versus the number of aircraft of type F-104 which flew that mission. Both of these selections are possible when the data file is set up as illustrated. The user is also allowed to plot up to six point and line graphs on the same set of axes so he can observe the relationship between the various types of aircrafts. For example, the user may plot mission versus aircraft types 1 through 6 on the same plot.

The REMTEX program, however, does restrict the user in that he must select either day or an index from columns 5 and 6 as his X-axis variable. The index for Summary table 11 denotes mission type, but for another table it might denote region, sector, weapon type, or any other value selected by the user.

For REMTEX to extract a data item from a record, information must be provided about the format to be used to decode that record, which data field contains the item, and whether the

Data Created From It Tak

1	11		0. 0. 0. 132.35 3.91 8.25 0. 0.		0.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0
ורפת דד	ary Table		309.22 17.77 17.77 93.33 175.47 5.69 11.62 64.26 0		2.99 0.18 0.07 0.21 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.79
Data Created Fom	ata in Summ		315.41 18.13 18.206 82.96 0.35.97 15.06 10.33 57.12 0.24.64	0	3.99 0.25 0.28 0.28 0.51 0.22 1.35 1.35
Summary Da	File Created From Data in Summary Table		0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 811.68	1082.24	0. 0. 7.43 0. 0. 0. 12.06
and Sum	File Cre			110200	1103 1 1103 2 1103 3 1103 4 1103 6 1103 6 1103 8 1103 9 110310 110311
Table					
Summary		BLUE	0. 0. 0. 0. 132.35 8.25 0. 0.	144.5	F-111 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 13 0. 26
IDAGAM II	rable 11		F-4C/D 309.22 17:77 93.33 93.33 175.47 175.47 5.69 11.62 64.26	714.0	F-4C/D 2.99 0.18 0.07 0.21 0.21 0.17 0.32 1.01 0.79
an	II Summary Table 11	SORTIES FLOWN AND AIRCRAFT KILLED CUMULATIVE SORTIES FLOWN AIRCRAFT	A-7 315.41 18.13 9.06 82.96 0.0 155.97 155.97 57.12	IRCR	AIRCRAFT A-7 3.99 0.25 0.09 0.28 0.22 0.43 1.35 0.43
rison of	IDAGAM	1 SORTIES FLOW CUMULAT	F-104 0.00 0.270.56 0.00 0.00 0.00 811.68	1082.2 CUMUL	F-104 0. 0. 0. 7.43 7.43 0. 0. 12.1
7. Compar		11- IVE	MISSION CASG CASG CASE RABD ABAG ABA	(IDR TOTAL	CASE CASE CASE CASE BD ABA ABAG ABAG ABAG ABAG ABAG ABAG AB
able					

Sample Summary Data File Produced by IDAGAM II (Part 1 of 7) Table 8.

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	63.91 168.10 91.79 63.72 24.00 148.85 103.76	:==========	=========	152 169 169 11. 11.
	9 17.13 907.56 970.03 9 17.14 130.09 130.13 131	2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		594 1182 130.
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220.00 110.00 110.00 60.00 60.00 60.00 73.00 73.00 73.00 74.00 75.00 75.00 75.00 75.00 75.00 75.00 75.00 75.00 75.00 75.00 75.00 75.00 75.00 75.00 75.00 75.	1970.26 1970.26 1970.26 1970.26 1970.26 1970.26 1970.26	25.55 25.55 25.59 25.59 25.59	33.5 29.9 29.9 29.9 29.9 32.6 32.6	326 326 298 4579 0 14. 1 243. 310
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	904.57 469.41 6017.11 904.59 1017.80 809.21 609.21	0007 00007 00007 00007 00007 00007	19999 19999 19999 19999 19999 19999 19999	
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Table 8. (Part 2 of 7)

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Table 8. (Part 3 of 7)

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0301	0 40	01	-	0 1	01	10	-	-	-	10110	10111	10 2 00	101	7	-	102			, -				-	-	-	-	1201 5			-	-	-	-	-	2	~ .	ο.	•			25						2

			Tak	able	8.	Part	go 9	7				
30 2 01 30 2 01 30 4 01 30 5 01 4 01 1 2 4 01 1 3 1 0 5 02 1 0 5 01 1 0 5 0	1107.54 666.05 66.05 10.43 494.95 1145.00 124.00		2.50	• •	0.0	0.0	000	••	20.	 	000	00000
1400 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	933.10 246.00 422.42 162.10 21.81 160.57 160.57	27.50 327.50 12.45 77.18 77.18 13.52 26.43 26.43 26.43	52.53 36.35 5.55 5.96 5.96 37.66	225	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0.17 0.17 0.012 0.004 0.027 0.013	0.00		11.33 3.00 0.49 0.36 0.34 0.27 3.09	0.73 0.73 0.07 0.07 0.25	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	1100000000
1403 4	141.39 52.36 27.64 20.93 125.49 55.00		7. 6. 7.	2012	0.95 0.35 2.08 1.68	0.00 0.00 0.19 0.09	0.01	0	22.53	00000	0.02	
150201 150201 150201 150401	156000. 156000. 0.	-	5090. 12615. 273. 1007.	0601	3353	62	;;	290. 356.	940.	1559.	779.	
16011 2 16011 2 16001 2 16001 2 16001 2 16001 2 16001 2 16001 2 16001 2 16001 2 16001 2 16001 2 16000 1 16000	13.5. 13.5.	13.5. 13.5. 10.5.		7.50 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1	***************							
16001		.7.			.2		. 0	:	<u>:</u>	;	;	

Table 8. (Part 7 of 7)

		-	
7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7		162	
15.5	0.00 0.17 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	8 32	
15.5			
24.			
25.7. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	5	
16.30	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	271.01 0. 0. 147.75	
16.30	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	7141.88 2253.62 2253.62 1378.90 1779.49	
15.5 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	0	
15.5 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0		6222885.	
97. 70. 60. 61. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65	000-0000-000000000000000000000000000000	1921.0 505.0 917.1 607.2	
97. 77. 64. 64. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65		1970.19 1970.19 1970.19 1970.19 1970.19	150
20.17. 77. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65. 65		2411.12 07.14.17 2827.71 1970.19 1404.08 9467.42	9 4
20. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.		537.24 5401.78 536.78 904.54 904.52	
			APHO
		536.7 536.7 536.7 904.5	2 105
11000000000000000000000000000000000000	- NP 3 NP NP 3 L L L P NP 3 L L		-
	1600 8 5 160	02	010

item is a real or integer value. This information is supplied through the Dictionary file. A Dictionary file must be created for every uniquely formatted Summary Data file.

The Dictionary file is composed of two major parts. The first is a table which lists all legal variables that may be requested for reports from the Summary Data file and the location of the corresponding data on the file. This table will be referred to as the Dictionary items. The second part is a list of up to 20 formats which will be used to decode the data records. Table 9 is a listing of the Dictionary file created for the Summary Data file in table 8.

Table 10 describes the contents and format of the Dictionary items. The Y-axis variable name is used to designate a variable whose value is given in a record. For example, BACIS, Blue aircraft type number 1 sorties, might be used to denote the sorties flown by aircraft type F-104 in table 7. The X-axis variable name must be DAY or INDEX. The qualifier is a value to designate how the X-axis variable may be used. If the X-axis variable name is DAY, then the qualifier is set to 0 if no index value can be specified and to 1 if an index value can be specified. If the X-axis variable name is INDEX, then the qualifier must be 1, indicating that a specific day must be selected by the REMTEX user.

For example, in table 7 the total number of sorties over all missions is contained in the data record whose key is 1102 and whose index value is 0. Therefore, the Dictionary must contain the combination of BACIS, DAY, and 0 for the Y-axis variable name, X-axis variable name, and qualifier, respectively, to provide the capability for the REMTEX user to receive a plot of day versus the total number of sorties flown by aircraft type F-104 over all mission types. The Dictionary must also contain the combination of BACIS, DAY, and I to provide the selection of plot of day versus the number of sorties flown by aircraft type F-104 for any specified mission. The REMTEX user will specify an index value, for example, mission number, to be used for the plot but the Dictionary need only contain a 1 to indicate that an index may be specified. The Dictionary may also contain the combination of BACIS, INDEX, and 1 to allow for the plotting of mission type versus the number of sorties flown by aircraft type F-104 for any specified day. Again, even though the REMTEX user will specify a day index to be used, the Dictionary need only contain a 1 to indicate that day may be specified.

Table 9. Sample Dictionary File (Part 1 of 7)

BWS1	DAY	0	4	1	0304	1
BWS2	DAY	0	4	1	0304	2
BWS3	DAY	0	4	1	0304	3
BWS4	DAY	0	4	1	0304	4
BWS5	DAY	0	4	1	0304	5
BWS6	DAY	0	4	1	0304	6
BWS7	DAY	0	4	1	0304	7
BWS8	DAY	0	4	1	0304	8
BWS9	DAY	0	4	1	0304	9
8W 510	DAY	0	4	1	0304	10
BWS11	DAY	0	4	1	0304	11
BWS12	DAY	0	4	1	0304	12
BWS1	DAY	1	1	0	0302	1
EWS2	DAY	1	1	0	0302	2
BWS3	DAY	1	1	0	0302	3
BWS4	DAY	1	1	0	0302	4
BWS5	DAY	1	1	0	0302	5
BWS6	DAY	1	1	0	0302	6
BWS7	DAY	1	1	0	0302	7
BWS8	DAY	1	1	0	0302	8
BWSS	DAY	1	1	0	0302	9
BWS 10	DAY	1	1	0	0302	10
BW 5 1 1	DAY	1	1	0	0302	11
BWS12	DAY	1	1	0	0302	12
BW 5 1	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	1
BWS2	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	2
BWS3	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	3
BWS4	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	4
BWS5	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	5
BWS6	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	6
BWS7	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	7
BWS8	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	В
BW 59	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	9
BWS 10	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	10
BW 5 1 1	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	11
BWS12	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	12
BPS1	DAY	0	4	1	0304	13
BPS2	DAY	0	4	1	0304	14
BP 5 3	DAY	0	4	1	0304	15
BPS1	DAY	1	1	0	0302	13
BPS2	DAY	1	1	0	0302	14
BP 5 3	DAY	1	1	0	0302	15
BPS1	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	13
EPS2	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	14
BPS3	INDEX	1	1	0	0302	15
RWS1	DAY	0	4	1	0404	1
RWSZ	DAY	0	4	1	0404	2
RWS3	DAY	0	4	1	0404	3
RWS4	DAY	0	4	1	0404	4
RWS5	DAY	0	4	1	0404	5
RWS6	DAY	0	4	1	0404	6

Table 9. (Part 2 of 7)

RWS7	DAY	0	4	1	0404	7
RWSB	DAY	0	4	1	0404	8
RWS9	DAY	0	4	1	0404	9
RWS 10	DAY	0	4	1	0404	10
RWS11	DAY	0	4	1	0404	1 1
RWS12	DAY	0	4	1	0404	12
RWS1	DAY	1	1	0	0402	1
RWSZ	DAY	1	1	0	0402	2
RWS3	DAY	1	1	0	0402	3
RWS4	DAY	1	1	0	0402	4
RWS5	DAY	1	1	0	0402	5
RWS6	DAY	1	1	0	0402	6
RWS7	DAY	1	1	0	0402	7
RWS8	DAY	1	1	0	0402	8
RWS9	DAY	1	1	0	0402	9
RWS10	DAY	1	1	0	0402	10
RWS11	DAY	1	1	0	0402	11
RWS12	DAY	1	1	0	0402	12
RWS1	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	1
RWS 2	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	2
RWS3	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	3
RWS4	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	4
RWS5	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	5
RWS6	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	6
RWS7	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	7
RWSB	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	8
RWS9	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	9
RWS 10	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	10
RWS11	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	11
RWS12	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	12
RPS1	DAY	0	4	1	0404	13
RPS2	DAY	0	4	1	0404	14
RPS3	DAY	0	4	1	0404	15
RPS1	DAY	1	1	0	0402	13
RPS2	DAY	1	1	0	0402	14
RPS3	DAY	1	1	0	0402	15
RPS1	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	13
RPS2	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	14
RPS3	INDEX	1	1	0	0402	15
EAC1S	DAY	0	2	1	1102	1
BACZS	DAY	0	2	1	1102	5
BAC3S	DAY	0	2	1	1102	3
BACAS	DAY	0	2	1	1102	4
BACSS	DAY	0	5	1	1102	5
BACES	DAY	0	2	1	1102	6
BAC7S	DAY	0	2	1	1102	7
BACSS	DAY	- 0	2	1	1102	8
BAC9S	DAY	0	5 5 5	1	1102	9
BAC10S	DAY	0	2	1	1102	10
BAC11S	DAY	0	2	1	1104	1
BAC12S	DAY	0	2	1	1104	2
BAC13S	DAY	0	2	1	1104	3
BAC14S	DAY	0	2	1	1104	4
BAC15S	DAY	0	2	1	1104	5
BAC16S	DAY	0	2	1	1104	6
BACTOS	DAY	0	2	,	1104	7
BAC18S	DAY	0	2	1	1104	8
BAC19S	DAY	0	2	1	1104	9
546173	3.1					

Table 9. (Part 3 of 7)

BACZOS	DAY	0	2	1	1104	10
EAC1S	DAY	1	2	1	1101	1
BACZS	DAY	1	5	1	1101	5
BAC3S	DAY	1	5	1	1101	3
BACAS	DAY	1	2	1	1101	4
BACSS	DAY	1	5	1	1101	- 5
BAC65	DAY	1	5	1	1101	6
BAC7S	DAY	1	5	1	1101	7
BAC8S	DAY	1	2	1	1101	8
BAC9S	DAY	1	5	1	1101	9
BACTOS	DAY	1	2	1	1101	1 ()
BAC11S	DAY	1	2	1	1103	1
BAC12S	DAY	1	2	1	1103	2
BAC13S	DAY	1	2	1	1103	3
BAC14S	DAY	1	2	1	1103	4
EAC15S	DAY	1	5	1	1103	5
BAC16S	DAY	1	2	1	1103	6
BAC17S	DAY	1	2	1	1103	7
BAC185	DAY	1	2	1	1103	8
BAC195	DAY	1	2	1	1103	9
BACZOS	DAY	1	2	1	1103	10
BAC1S	INDEX	1	2	1	1101	1
BACZS	INDEX	1	2	1	1101	2
BAC3S	INDEX	1	2	1	1101	3
EAC45	INDEX	1	2	1	1101	4
EAC5S	INDEX	1	2	1	1101	5
BACES	INDEX	1	2	1	1101	6
BAC7S	INDEX	1	2	1	1101	7
BACBS	INDEX	1	2	1	1101	8
BAC9S	INDEX	1	2	1	1101	9
BACTOS	INDEX	1	2	1	1101	10
BACTIS	INDEX	1	2	1	1103	1
BAC125	INDEX	1	5	1	1103	2
BAC13S	INDEX	1	2	1	1103	3
BAC145	INDEX	1	2	1	1103	4
BAC15S	INDEX	1	2	1	1103	5
EAC165	INDEX	1	2	1	1103	6
EAC175	INDEX	1	2	1	1103	7
BAC185	INDEX	1	2	1	1103	8
EAC19S	INDEX	1	5	1	1103	9
EAC 20S	INDEX	1	2	1	1103	10
BAC1K	DAY	0	2	1	1106	1
BACZK	DAY	0	2	1	1106	2
BAC3K	DAY	0	2	1	1106	3
BAC4K	DAY	0	2	1	1106	4
BAC5K	DAY	0	2	1	1106	5
BACOK	DAY	0	2	1	1106	6
BAC7K	DAY	0	2	1	1106	7
BAC8K	DAY	0	5	1	1106	8
BAC9K	DAY	0	5	1	1106	9
BAC10K	DAY	0	5	1	1106	10
BAC11K	DAY	0	5	1	1108	1
EAC12K	DAY	0	5	1	1108	2
BAC13K	DAY	0	5	1	1108	3
BAC14K	DAY	0	5	1	1108	4
BAC15K	DAY	0	2	1	1108	5
BAC16K	DAY	0	5	1	1108	6
BAC17K	DAY	0	2	,	1108	7
BACTIK	UNI	.,	6	,	1100	,

Table 9. (Part 4 of 7)

EAC18K	DAY	0	5	1	1108	8
BAC19K	DAY	0	2	1	1108	9
BACZOK	DAY	0	2	1	1108	10
BACIK	DAY	1	5	1	1105	1
BACZK	DAY	1	5	1	1105	2
BAC3K	DAY	1	2	1	1105	3
BAC4K	DAY	1	5	1	1105	4
BAC5K	DAY	1	2	1	1105	5
BACKK	DAY	1	2	1	1105	6
BAC7K	DAY	1	5	1	1105	7
BAC8K	DAY	1	2	1	1105	8
BAC9K	DAY	1	2	1	1105	9
BAC10K	DAY	1	5	1	1105	10
EAC11K	DAY	1	2	1	1107	1
BAC12K	DAY	1	2	1	1107	2
BAC13K	DAY	1	2	1	1107	3
BAC14K	DAY	1	2	1	1107	4
BAC15K	DAY	1	2	1	1107	5
BAC16K	DAY	1	2	1	1107	6
BAC17K	DAY	1	2	1	1107	7
BAC18K	DAY	1	2	1	1107	8
BAC19K	DAY	1	2	1	1107	9
BAC 20K	DAY	1	2	1	1107	10
BACIK	INDEX	1		1	1105	1.
BACZK	INDEX	1	5 5	1	1105	2
BAC3K	INDEX	1	2	i	1105	3
BAC4K	INDEX	1	2	1	1105	4
BAC5K	INDEX	1	2	1	1105	5
BAC6K		1	2 2	1	1105	6
	INDEX	1	2	1	1105	7
BAC7K	INDEX		2			
BAC8K	INDEX	1	2	1		8
BAC9K	INDEX	1	5	1	1105	9
BACTOK	INDEX	1	5	1	1105	10
BAC11K	INDEX	1	2	1	1107	1
EAC12K	INDEX	1	5	1	1107	5
BAC13K	INDEX	1	2	1	1107	3
BAC14K	INDEX	1	2	1	1107	4
BAC15K	INDEX	1	2	1	1107	5
BAC16K	INDEX	1	2	1	1107	6
EAC17K	INDEX	1	2	1	1107	7
BAC18K	INDEX	1	2	1	1107	8
BAC19K	INDEX	1	5	1	1107	9
BACSOK	INDEX	1	2	1	1107	10
RAC1S	DAY	0	2	1	1505	1
RACES	DAY	0	2	1	1202	5
RAC3S	DAY	0	5 5	1	1202	3
RAC45	DAY	0	5	1	1505	4
RAC5S	DAY	0	2	1	1202	5
RAC6S	DAY	0	5	1	1202	6
RAC7S	DAY	0	2	1	1202	7
RAC8S	DAY	0	2	1	1202	8
RAC9S	DAY	0	5	1	1202	9
RAC10S	DAY	0	5	1	1202	1.0
RAC115	DAY	0	2	1	1204	1
RAC125	DAY	0	2	1	1204	2
RAC135	DAY	0	2	1	1204	3
RAC145	DAY	0	2	1	1204	4
RAC15S	DAY	0	2	1	1204	5

Table 9. (Part 5 of 7)

RAC165		0	5	1	1204	6
RAC175		0	2	1	1204	7
RAC185	DAY	0	5	1	1204	8
RAC 195		0	2	1	1204	9
RACZOS	DAY	0	2	1	1204	1.0
RAC1S	DAY	1	2	1	1201	1
RACES	DAY	1	2	1	1201	?
RAC3S	DAY	1	2	1	1201	- 3
RAC4S	DAY	1	2	1	1201	4
RACSS	DAY	1	2	1	1201	5
RAC6S	DAY	1	2	1	1201	6
RAC?S	DAY	1	2	1	1201	7
RAC8S	DAY	1	2	1	1201	8
RAC9S	DAY	1	2	1	1201	9
RACTOS		1	2	1	1201	10
RAC115		1	5	1	1203	1
RAC125		1	2	1	1203	2
RAC13S		1	5	1	1203	3
RAC145		1	5	1	1203	4
RAC155		1	5	1	1203	5
RAC 165		1	2	1	1203	6
RAC175		1	5	1	1203	7
RAC185		1	2	1	1203	8
RAC195		1	5	1	1203	9
RACZOS		1	5	1	1203	10
RAC15	INDEX	1	5	1	1201	1
RACES	INDEX	1	2	1	1201	2
RAC3S	INDEX	1	5	1	1201	3
RAC45	INDEX	1	5	1	1201	4
RACSS	INDEX	1	2	1	1201	5
RACES	INDEX	1	5	1	1201	6
RAC7S	INDEX	1	2	1	1201	7
RAC85	INDEX	1	2	1	1201	8
RAC9S	INDEX	1	2	1	1201	9
RAC10S	INDEX	1	2	1	1201	10
RAC115		1	2	1	1203	1
RACTES		1	2	1	1203	2
RAC13S	INDEX	1	2	1	1203	3
RAC145	INDEX	1	2	1	1203	4
RAC15S		1	2	1	1203	5
RAC165	INDEX	1	5	1	1203	6
RAC17S	INDEX	1	2	1	1203	7
RAC18S	INDEX	1	2	1	1203	8
RAC195	INDEX	1	2	1	1203	9
RACZOS	INDEX	1	5	1	1203	10
RACIK	DAY	0	5	1	1206	1
RACZK	DAY	0	2	1	1206	5
RAC3K	DAY	0	5	1	1206	3
RAC4K	DAY	0	2	1	1206	4
RACSK	DAY	0	2	1	1206	5
RACOK	DAY	0	5	1	1206	6
RAC7K	DAY	0	5	1	1506	7
RAC8K	DAY	0	2	1	1206	8
RAC9K	DAY	n	5	1	1206	9
RAC 10K		0	5	1	1206	10
RAC 11K		0	5	1	1208	1
RAC12K		0	5	1	1208	2
RAC13K	DAY	0	2	1	1208	3

Table 9. (Part 6 of 7)

RAC14K	DAY	0	2	1	1208	4
RAC 15K	DAY	0	2	1	1208	5
RAC16K	DAY	0	2	1	1208	6
RAC17K	DAY	0	5	1	1208	7
RAC18K	DAY	0	5	1	1208	8
RAC19K	DAY	0	2	1	1208	9
RACZOK	DAY	0	2	1	1208	10
RAC1K	DAY	1	2	1	1205	1
RACZK	DAY	1	2	1	1205	5
RAC3K	DAY	1	2	1	1205	3
RAC4K	DAY	1	2	1	1205	4
RAC5K	DAY	1	2	1	1205	5
RAC6K	DAY	1	2	1	1205	6
RAC7K	DAY	1	2	1	1205	7
RAC8K	DAY	1	2	1	1205	- 8
RAC9K	DAY	1	5	1	1205	9
RAC10K	DAY	1	2	1	1205	10
RAC11K	DAY	1	2	1	1207	1
RAC12K	DAY	1	2	1	1207	2
RAC13K	DAY	1	2	1	1207	3
RAC14K	DAY	1	2	1	1207	4
RAC15K	DAY	1	2	1	1207	5
RAC16K	DAY	1	2	1	1207	6
RAC17K	DAY	1	2	1	1207	7
RAC18K	DAY	1	2	1	1207	8
RAC19K	DAY	1	2	1	1207	9
RACZOK	DAY	1	2	1	1207	10
RAC1K	INDEX	1	2	1	1205	1
RACZK	INDEX	1	2	1	1205	2
RAC3K	INDEX	1	2	1	1205	3
RAC4K	INDEX	1	2	1	1205	4
RACSK	INDEX	1	2	1	1205	5
RAC6K	INDEX	1	2	1	1205	6
RAC7K	INDEX	1	2	1	1205	7
RACBK	INDEX	1	2	1	1205	8
RAC9K	INDEX	1	2	1	1205	9
RAC10K	INDEX	1	2	1	1205	10
RAC11K	INDEX	1	2	1	1207	1
RACTZK	INDEX	1	2	1	1207	2
RAC13K	INDEX	1	2	1	1207	3
RAC14K	INDEX	1	2	1	1207	4
RAC15K	INDEX	1	2	1	1207	5
RAC16K	INDEX	1	2	1	1207	6
RAC17K	INDEX	1	2	1	1207	7
RAC18K	INDEX	1	2	1	1207	8
RAC19K	INDEX	1	2	1	1207	9
RACZOK	INDEX	1	2	1	1207	10
BPC	DAY	0	3	1	1605	1
RPC	DAY	0	3	1	1610	1
BWL 1	DAY	0	3	1	1605	2
BMTS	DAY	0	3	1	1605	3
BWL 3	DAY	0	3	1	1605	4
BWL 4	DAY	0	3	1	1605	5
BWL5	DAY	0	3	1	1605	6
BWL6	DAY	0	3	1	1605	7
BWL7	DAY	0	3	1	1605	8
BWL 8	DAY	0	3	1	1605	9
BMF 6	DAY	0	3	1	1605	10
CMC	Uni	(3)	-	,	.000	1

Table 9. (Part 7 of 7)

```
0 3 1 1605 11
0 3 1 1605 12
0 3 1 1605 13
BWL10
        DAY
BWL11
        DAY
        DAY
                     3 1 3 1
                             1610 2
1610 3
                 0
RWL 1
        DAY
                             1610 3
1610 4
1610 5
1610 6
                 U
RWLZ
        DAY
                     3 1
3 1
3 1
3 1
                 0
RWL3
        DAY
                 0
RWL4
        DAY
                 0
                                    6
RWL5
         DAY
RWL6
         DAY
                             1610
                 0
                     3 1 3 1
        DAY
                             1610
                                     8
RWL7
                 U
                             1610
RWL8
         DAY
                     3 1 3 1
RWL9
         DAY
                 0
                             1610 10
RWL10
         DAY
                  0
                             1610
                                    11
                0 3 1 1610 12
0 3 1 1610 13
RWL11
        DAY
RWL12
        DAY
(14x,1217,318)
(10F10.2)
(13F8.0)
(12x, F9.0, 11F7.0, 3F9.0)
```

Table 10. Format for Dictionary Items

Range	ole name		ole name DAY or INDEX A6 left justified		0 or 1 Il		1-20 I2 right justified		Real = 1 Il Integer = 0		A4 left justified		Soit the
Entry	Y-axis variable name	Blank	X-axis variable name	Blank	Qualifier	Blank	Format index	Blank	Type of data	Blank	Key	Blank	Index of item in the
Columns	1-6	7-8	9-14	15-16	17	18-19	20-21	22-23	24	25-26	27-30	31-32	33-34

When the REMTEX user requests a report, he specifies the Y-axis variable name, X-axis variable name, and an index value. The index value will determine whether the qualifier is a 0 or 1. The Dictionary is then searched for the combination of Y-variable, X-variable, and qualifier to determine whether a request is valid. For any valid combination, the Dictionary will provide the information needed to locate the data on the Summary Data file. The format index will indicate which of the formats listed in the second part of the Dictionary will be used to decode the data record, and the type of data will indicate whether the Y-axis variable is real (type = 1) or integer (type = 0). The key will indicate the key of the data record on the Summary Data file and together with the index value will determine the exact record in the Summary Data file that will contain the pertinent data. Finally, the index of the item in the data record will specify the exact data field to be extracted from the data record.

The second part of the Dictionary file contains a maximum of 20 formats which will be used to decode the various data records on the Summary Data file. This set of formats is ordered and the indexes of the format statements are used in the list of Dictionary items as described above.

The Dictionary file is structured as shown in table 11. The list of Dictionary items is followed by a flag ZZZZZZ to designate the end of the first part of the file. The next item on the file is an integer value (in I2 format) to specify the number of formats which follow. Each format is then specified in A36 format, beginning with "(" and ending with ")". For example, if the data is in 10(F10.2,2X) format, the format specification would be (10(F10.2,2X)).

2.3.3.2.2 Commands File. The Commands file contains the groups of commands that constitute a report request. The number of report requests on one Commands file is theoretically unlimited. This file is an input to RXPROC and normally is loaded by the RXEDIT program based on interactive user responses. The command is located in columns 1 through 3 and the text is located in columns 7 through 42. The legal commands and their meaning are presented in table 12. A sample Commands file, as produced by RXEDIT, is displayed in table 13.

Table 11. Structure of the Dictionary File

Data

- 1. Dictionary items.
- Flag to designate end of "ZZZZZZZ" in columns 1-6. Dictionary items.
- 3. Number of formats used.
- 4. The formats.

Format

As shown in table 10.

I2 in columns 1-2.

A36 with "(" as the first character and ")" as the last nonblank character entered in columns 1-36.

Table 12. Command Identification Keys for the Commands File

Key Name	Command Description		
RTT	Report title		
XAX	X-axis title		
YAX	Y-axis title		
XSU	X-axis scale, upper		
YSL	Y-axis scale, lower		
YSU	Y-axis scale, upper		
XVB	X variable name		
YVB	Y variable name and its qualifier		
FMT	Output format		
НАХ	Histogram Y-axis title		
HDD	Histogram data display		
ODS	Output destination		
ERP	End of report number n		

Table 13. A Sample Commands File Produced by RXEDIT (Part 1 of 2)

RTT	RED WEAPONS LOSSES
RTT	
RTT	REPORT DATE - 19 JAN 77
XAX	DAY
YAX	WEAPONS TYPE 1
YAX	WEAPONS TYPE 2
YAX	WEAPONS TYPE 3
XSU	20
YSL	0
YSU	25000
XVB	DAY
YVB	RWL1 0
YVB	RWL2 0
YVB	RWL3 0
FMT	ВОТН
HAX	
HDD	YES
005	BOTH
ERP	1

Table 13. (Part 2 of 2)

RTT	RED WEAPONS LOSSES
RTT	
RTT	REPORT DATE - 19 JAN 77
XAX	DAY
YAX	WEAPONS TYPE 1
YAX	WEAPONS TYPE 2
YAX	WEAPONS TYPE 3
XSU	20
YSL	0
YSU	25000
XVB	DAY
YVB	RWL1 0
YVB	RWL2 0
YVB	RWL3 0
FMT	TABLE
ERP	2

2.3.3.2.3 File Pointers File. The File Pointers file contains the information needed to locate the Dictionary file, the Summary Data file, and the Commands file. This file is used by RXPROC to dynamically attach the input files and normally is loaded by the RXEDIT program based on interactive user responses. The legal records are presented below:

Columns 1-3	Columns 7-42		
DIC	catalog-file string for the Dictionary file		
COM	catalog-file string for the Commands file		
CFS	catalog-file string for the Summary Data file		
TPN	5-digit left-justified reel number for the Summary Data tape.		

Table 14 shows a sample File Pointers file created by RXEDIT.

2.4 REMTEX Flexibility

Although the REMTEX Postprocessor system was developed to support the new IDAGAM II model, it was designed and implemented as a generalized system. Any Honeywell Series 600/6000 user can use REMTEX by keying his Summary Data file and loading a Dictionary file that describes the contents of the Summary Data file. Although REMTEX searches for a key of DAY, any ascending chronological value may be contained in the record, such as week number. Since the user specifies all axis and report titles, a change of the chronological value would be transparent.

Also, if the user does not have access to a remote terminal, he may bypass the RXEDIT interactive portion of REMTEX by loading his File Pointers file and his Commands file through the regular HIS batch procedure as described in subsection 2.3.3.2.

Finally, if the user does not have access to a CalComp 7000 plotter, he may produce all of the allowable output formats solely on his online printer.

Table 14. Sample File Pointers File Created by RXEDIN

DIC 674IDP00/CSC/DICT COM 674IDP00/CSC/RXCOMM TPN 99999

SECTION 3. FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

Based on the REMTEX description presented in this TM, the logical conclusion is that the REMTEX system is a valuable tool for users who meet the following criteria:

- a. The user has access to an HIS 600 or 6000 Series computer.
- b. The user has a requirement for the display of his output data in graph, histogram, and/or tabular format.
- c. The user has one or more programs that produce or are capable of producing a keyed BCD output file in HIS system standard format.

APPENDIX A SOURCE LISTING OF RXEDIT

```
*# TUN= 574 IDPOO/CSC/RXFDITHS(BCD.CORE=24)
PARAMETER NDP=1000
 CHARACTER RTIT+36(3), XTIT+36, YTIT+36(6), XSU+6, YSL+6, YSU+6,
&xAr+6, YVAR+6(6), QUAL+6(6), INPSC+6, TAPNO+6, CATFL+36, OUTDS+36, &JUTFM+36, HISTIL+36, REPLY+6, ERP+6, DICT+36, COMM+36, DISP+6
 CHARACTER DNAM+6(NDP.2)
 INTEGER DQUAL (NDP)
 CHARACTER BLANKS/4H
 DIMENSION BUF (380)
 CHARACTER CATFIL * 37 . SEM * 1
 DATA SEM, ISTAT1, ISTAT2/";", 040000000000,0403700000000/
 DATA ISTAT3/00000000000000/
 IFRP=0
 WRITE(06,100)
100 FORMAT("NOTIFY COMPUTER OPERATIONS TO OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY", &" MAGNETIC TAPES FROM",/,"THE TAPE LIBRARY.",/," REMTEX IS EXECUTING ~", &" PLEASE RESPOND WHEN = APPEARS.")
C - ENTER AND WRITE TO FILE 30 THE NEEDED FILES AND/OR TAPES. -
 633 WRITE (06,4000)
 4000 FORMAT("ENTER CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE DICTIONARY, 36 ",
&"CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.")
 READ(05,201) DICT
 ENCODE (CATFIL, 5001) DICT, SEM
 5001 FORMAT (A36, A1)
 CALL ATTACH (10, CATFIL, 1, 0, ISTAT, BUF)
 IF (ISTAT.EQ. ISTATT.OR. ISTAT. EQ. ISTAT2) GO TO 666
 # (1TE(06,5002)
 5302 FORMAT ("ILLEGAL CATALOG-FILE STRING")
 GO TO 633
 666 WRITE (06,4001)
 4001 FORMAT("ENTER CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE COMMANDS FILE".
8", 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.")
 READ(05,201) COMM
 ENCODE (CATFIL, 5001) COMM, SEM
 CALL ATTACH(15, CATFIL, 2, 0, ISTAT, BUF)
 IF (ISTAT.EQ. ISTATI.OR. ISTAT. EQ. ISTAT2) GO TO 515
 WRITE(06,5002)
 GD TO 666
 515 WRITE (06, 112)
 112 FORMAT (45 HENTER INPUT SOURCE
                                          "T", "TAPE", "D", OR "DISK")
 READ(05,202) INPSC
 IF(INPSC.EQ."D".OR.INPSC.EQ."DISK") GO TO 520
IF(INPSC.EQ."I".OR.INPSC.EQ."TAPE") GO TO 525
 W411E(06,875)
 875 FORMAT ("ILLEGAL ENTRY")
 30 10 515
 525 WRITE (06, 113)
 113 FORMAT ("ENTER TAPE NUMBER OF INPUT SOURCE - 5 INTEGER DIGITS")
 READ(05,202) TAPNO
 GO TO 530
 SED CONTINUE
 WTITE(06,114)
 114 FORMATC"ENTER CATALOG-FILE STRING OF INPUT SOURCE - CAT-1",
R"/CAT-2/.../FILE, -- 36",/," CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.")
```

```
READ(05,201) CATFL
 ENCODE (CATFIL, SOOT) CATFL, SEM
 CALL ATTACH(25, CATFIL, 3,0, ISTAT, BUF)
 IF (ISTAT.EQ.ISTATT.OR.ISTAT.EQ.ISTAT2) GO TO 530
 #RITE(06,5002)
 SO TO 520
 530 CONTINUE
 WRITE(06,4002) DICT
 4002 FORMAT ("CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE DICTIONARY = ", A36)
 WEITE(06,4003) COMM
 4003 FORMAT ("CATALOG-FILE STRING FOR THE COMMANDS FILE = ", A36)
 441TE (06,780) INPSC
 780 FORMAT ("INPUT SOURCE = ".A6)
 IF(INPSC.EQ."b".OR.INPSC.EQ."DISK") GO TO 790 WELTE(06,785) TAPNO
 785 FORMAT ("TAPE NUMBER OF INPUT SOURCE = ".A6)
 GO TO 786
 790 WRITE(06,791) CATEL
 791 FORMAT ("CATALOG-FILE STRING OF INPUT SOURCE = ", A36)
 786 CONTINUE
 WRITE (06,5024)
SO24 FORMAT("DO YOU WISH TO CHANGE ANY CATALOG FILE NAMES -", 8" 'YES' OR 'NO'")
READ(05,202) REPLY
1F(REPLY.EQ."YES") GO TO 633
1F(REPLY.EQ."NO") GO TO 973
 WRITE (06,875)
 GO TO 786
 973 WRITE(33,5023) DICT
 5020 FORMAT (6HDIC
 WEITE (30,5021) COMM
 5921 FORMAT (6HCOM , A36)
 IF (INPSC.EQ."D".OR.INPSC.EQ."DISK") GO TO 970
 WRITE(30,968) TAPNO
 968 FURMAT (6HTPN
 30 10 974
 970 WRITE (30,972) CATFL
 972 FORMAT (6HCFS
 974 CONTINUE
 WRITE(06,5025)
 5325 FORMAT("DO YOU WISH TO LOAD THE COMMANDS FILE - 'YES' OR 'NO'")
 *EAD(05,202) REPLY
 [F(REPLY.EQ."NO") GO TO 650
 IF (REPLY . EQ . "YES") GO TO 901
 W. 1 TE (06, 875)
 GO TO 974
C - READ IN DICTIONARY. -
 931 NDI=0
 930 NDI=NDI+1
 IF (NDI.LE.NDP) GO TO 910
 WRITE(06,920) NDP
720 FORMAT("COMPLETE DICTIONARY IS NOT IN STORAGE.",/," THERE IS ONLY ", 8" TOOM FOR ",15," ITEMS. PROGRAM TERMINATED.")
```

```
910 READ(10,940,END=930) (DNAM(NDI,1),1=1,2),DQUAL(NDI)
 940 FORMAT(2(A6,2X),11)
 IF (DNAM(NDI.1) . NE . "ZZZZZZZ")GO TO 900
 930 ND1=ND1-1
C - ENTER COMMANDS FOR PLOTS. -
 13 ISTOP=0
 00 12 1=1.3
 WRITE(06,101) 1
 131 FORMAT("ENTER LINE ",11," OF REPORT TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.")
 READ(05,201) RTIT(1)
 201 FORMAT (A36)
 12 CONTINUE
 WRITE(06,104)
 104 FORMAT(43HENTER X-AXIS TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.)
 READ(05,201) XTIT
 NOYVAR = 0
 430 00 500 I=1.6
 WRITE(06,105) I
 105 FORMAT("ENTER Y-AXIS TITLE ",11,", 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM. IF YOU",/,
S"HAVE ALREADY TRANSMITTED YOUR LAST Y-AXIS TITLE, ENTER ONE BLANK",/, S"AND EXECUTE A CARRIAGE RETURN.")
 READ(05,201) YTIT(1)
 IF (YTIT(I).EQ. BLANKS) GO TO 502
 500 CONTINUE
 502 IF (NOYVAR.GT.0) GO TO 501
 WRITE (06,405)
 495 FORMAT ("THE FIRST Y-AXIS TITLE CANNOT BE BLANK.")
 GO TO 400
 501 WRITE (06, 107)
 107 FORMAT ("ENTER X-AXIS SCALE (UPPER END) -- 'D', 'DEFAULT', OR A ",
8"POSITIVE INTEGER,",/," WHICH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 100.")
 READ(05, 202) XSU
IF(XSU.EQ."D".OR.XSU.EQ."DEFAUL") GO TO 450
 CALL ADJUST(XSU)
 202 FORMAT (A6)
 DECODE(XSU, 435) IXSU
 435 FORMAT(16)
 IF(IXSU.GT.3.AND.IXSU.LE.100) GO TO 440
 # 1 TE (06,875)
 GO TO 501
 440 WRITE (06, 108)
108 FORMAT("ENTER Y-AXIS SCALE(LOWER END), AN INTEGER", 8" WHICH IS GREATER THAN OR",/," EQUAL TO ZERO AND LESS THAN ONE MILLION.")
READ(05,202) YSL
IF(YSL.EQ."D".OR.YSL.EQ."DEFAUL") GO TO 446
 CALL ADJUST (YSL)
 DECODE (YSL, 435) IYSL
 IF(IYSL.GE.O. AND. IYSL.LT. 1000000) GO TO 445
 446 WRITE (06, 875)
30 TO 440
 445 WRITE (06, 109)
 139 FORMAT ("ENTER Y-AXIS SCALE (UPPER END), AN INTEGER",
8/," GREATER THAN ZERO AND LESS THAN ONE MILLION.")
```

```
READ(05, 202) YSU
 IF (YSU.EQ."D".OR.YSU.EQ."DEFAUL") GO TO 447
 CALL ADJUST (YSU)
 DECODE(YSU,435) IYSU
IF(IYSU.GT.O.AND.IYSU.LT.1000000) GO TO 450
 447 WRITE (06,875)
 GD TO 445
 450 ICOUNT=0
 1060 ICOUNT=ICOUNT+1
 1302 WRITE (06,110)
 110 FORMAT ("ENTER X-AXIS VARIABLE NAME, 'DAY' OR 'INDEX'.")
 READ(05,202) XVAR
 IF(XVAR.EQ."DAY".OR.XVAR.EQ."ENDEX") GO TO 1001
 WRITE(06,800)
 800 FORMAT ("ILLEGAL X-AXIS VARIABLE USED.")
 GO TO 1002
 1001 CONTINUE
 00 510 [=1, NOYVAR
 1012 WRITE(06,111) I
 111 FORMAT (28HENTER Y-AXIS VARIABLE NAME .I1)
 READ(35,202) YVAR(1)
 420 WRITE(06,125) I
 125 FORMAT ("ENTER QUALIFIER VALUE ", I1,". IF X-AXIS VARIABLE IS 'DAY',",
8/,"ENTER 'O' FOR TOTALS OR A POSITIVE INTEGER TO SET AN INDEX VALUE;"./.
8" IF X-AXIS VARIABLE IS 'INDEX', ENTER A POSITIVE INTEGER TO SPECIFY".
8/," THE DAY NUMBER. THE VALUE MUST BE LESS THAY OR EQUAL TO 100.")
 READ(05,202) QUAL(1)
 CALL ADJUST (QUAL (I))
 DECODE (QUAL(I), 203) IQUAL
 203 FORMAT(16)
 IF (IQUAL.LE.100.AND.IQUAL.GE.0) GO TO 410
 WRITE (06,875)
 GO TO 420
 410 IF (IQUAL.NE.D) IQUAL=1
 IFLAG=0
 DO 1010 J=1.ND1
 IF(YVAR(I).NE.DNAM(J.1)) GO TO 1010
 IFLAG=1
 IF(XVAR.EQ.DNAM(J.Z).AND.IQUAL.EQ.DQUAL(J)) GO TO 510
 1010 CONTINUE
 IF(IFLAG.NE.0) GO TO 1020
 WRITE(06,801)
 801 FORMAT ("ILLEGAL Y-AXIS VARIABLE USED.")
 60 10 1012
 1320 IF (ICOUNT.GE.3) GO TO 855
 1 C = 3 ~ 1 C O U N T
 WRITE(06,810) 10
810 FORMAT("ILLEGAL COMBINATION OF Y-AXIS VARIABLE, X-AXIS ", 8"VARIABLE, AND QUALIFIER VALUE."/," PROGRAM WILL ALLOW YOU ",12,
8" MORE TRIES AT A LEGAL COMBINATION.")
GD TO 1060
 855 WRITE (06, 860)
 850 FORMAT("YOU HAVE FAILED TO REQUEST A VALID REPORT.",/,"THE ENTRIES",
S" MADE FOR THIS REPORT WILL BE IGNORED."./."THE ENTRIES YOU HAVE MADE ".
&"ARE AS FOLLOWS -")
 1 S T O P = 1
```

```
69 10 630
 510 CONTINUE
 537 WRITE (06, 116)
 116 FORMAT (68HENTER OUTPUT FORMAT - "H", "HISTOGRAM", "G", "GRAPH", "B",
8"90TH","TABLE")
 READ(05,201) OUTFM
IF(OUTFM.NE."TABLE") GO TO 541
 WRITE (06,6002)
6702 FORMAT("YOUR SELECTION WILL CAUSE A TABLE TO BE PRODUCED BY THE", 8" PRINTER. NO",/," PLOTS WILL BE PRODUCED.")
GO TO 605
 541 IF COUTEM.EQ."H".OR.OUTEM.EQ."HISTOGRAM".OR.OUTEM.EQ."B".OR.OUTEM.EQ.
8"30TH") GO TO 540
 IF (OUTFM.EQ."G".OR.OUTFM.EQ."GRAPH") GO TO 535
 WRITE(06,875)
 GO TO 537
 540 WRITE (06,117)
117 FORMAT "ENTER HISTOGRAM Y-AXIS TITLE - 36 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM.",/, 8"3LANK DEFAULTS TO Y-AXIS TITLE 1")
 READ(05,201) HISTIL
 533 WRITE (06, 119)
119 FORMAT("DO YOU WISH TO DISPLAY DATA VALUES ABOVE",/, &" EACH HISTOGRAM BAR -~'YES' OR 'NO'")
 READ(05,202) DISP
IF(DISP.EQ.'YES'.OR.DISP.EQ.'NO') GO TO 535
 WRITE(06,875)
 GO TO 533
 535 WRITE (06,115)
 115 FORMAT(65HENTER OUTPUT DESTINATION - "C", "CALCOMP", "P", "PRINTER", "B",
("HTOE" 8
 READ(05,201) OUTDS
IF(OUTDS.EQ."C".OR.OUTDS.EQ."CALCOMP".OR.OUTDS.EQ."P".OR.OUTDS.EQ.
&"PRINTER".OR.OUTOS.EQ."B".OR.OUTOS.EQ."BOTH") GO TO 605
 W*11E(06,875)
 60 10 535
C - DISPLAY REPORT OF COMMANDS. -
 605 WRITE (06,600)
 630 FORMAT ("DISPLAY OF REPORT DESIRED - 'YES' DR 'NO' ")
 READ(05, 202) REPLY
 IF (REPLY.EQ."NO") GO TO 610
 1F (REPLY . EQ . "YES") GO TO 630
 WRITE(06,875)
 GD TO 605
 630 CONTINUE
 00 710 1=1.3
 WRITE(06,700) I,RTIT(I)
700 FORMAT("LINE ",I1," OF REPORT TITLE = ",A36)
 710 CONTINUE
 WRITE(06,720) XTIT
720 FORMAT("X-AXIS TITLE = ",436)
 00 730 1=1, NOYVAR
 WRITE(06,740) 1,YTIT(1)
 740 FORMAT ("Y-AXIS TITLE ", 11," = ", 436)
 730 CONTINUE
```

```
WRITE(06,750) XSU
 750 FORMAT ("X-AXIS SCALE ( UPPER END ) = ".A6)
 IF(XSU.EQ."D".OR.XSU.EQ."DEFAUL") GO TO 756
 WRITE (06 . 755) YSL
 755 FORMAT ("Y-AXIS SCALE (LOWER END) = ",A6)
 #RITE(06,760) YSU
 760 FORMAT ("Y-AXIS SCALE (UPPER END) = ".A6)
 756 WRITE (06, 765) XVAR
 765 FORMAT ("X-AXIS VARIABLE NAME = ", A6)
 00 770 1=1.NOYVAR
 WRITE(06,775) 1, YVAR(1), QUAL(1)
 775 FORMAT ("Y-AXIS VARIABLE NAME ",11," AND ITS QUALIFIER = ", A6, 2X, A6)
 770 CONTINUE
IF(ISTOP.EQ.1) GO TO 870 WRITE(06,793) OUTFM
 793 FORMAT("OUTPUT FORMAT = ",A36)
IF(OUTFM.EQ."G".OR.OUTFM.EQ."GRAPH") GO TO 615
WRITE(06,794) HISTLL
 794 FORMAT ("HISTOGRAM Y-AXIS TITLE = ", A36)
 WRITE(06,795) DISP
 795 FORMAT ("DISPLAY OF HISTOGRAM DATA = ", A6)
 615 WRITE (06,792) OUTDS
792 FORMAT("OUTPUT DESTINATION = ", A36)
 610 WRITE (06,620)
 620 FORMAT("DO YOU WISH TO KEEP THIS REPORT? -- 'YES' OR 'NO' ")
 READ(05,202) REPLY
IF (REPLY.EQ."NO") GO TO 870
IF (REPLY.EQ."YES" ) GO TO 640
 WRITE(06,875)
GO TO 610
C - WRITE ON COMMANDS FILE. -
540 1ERP=1ERP+1
 00 944 1=1.3
 WRITE(15,942) RTIT(1)
 942 FORMAT (6HRTT . A36)
 944 CONTINUE
 WRITE(15,946) XTIT
 946 FORMAT (6HXAX
                     , A 36)
 DO 948 1=1, NOYVAR
 WRITE(15,950) YTIT(1)
 950 FORMAT(6HYAX .A36)
 948 CONTINUE
 ## (15,952) XSU
 952 FORMAT (6HXSU
                     .A6)
 IF (XSU.EQ."D".OR.XSU.EQ."DEFAUL") GO TO 967
 WRITE(15,954) YSL
 954 FORMAT (6HYSL
 WRITE(15,956) YSU
 756 FORMAT (6HYSU
                     , A6)
 957 WRITE(15,958) XVAR
 958 FORMAT (6HXVB
                    ,A6)
00 966 1=1,NOYVAR
 WRITE(15,960) YVAR(1), QUAL(1)
```

```
950 FORMAT(6HYVB , 46,46)
 756 CONTINUE
 WTITE(15,978) OUTFM
978 FORMAT(6HFMT ,A36)
IF(OUTFM.EQ."TABLE") GO TO 3000
IF(OUTFM.EQ."G".OR.OUTFM.EQ."GRAPH") GO TO 969
 WRITE(15,980) HISTIL
 WRITE(15,981) BISP
 951 FORMAT (6HHDD
 959 WRITE(15,976) OUTDS
 976 FORMAT (6HODS
                        . A36)
 3300 ENCODE (ERP, 982) 1ERP
 932 FORMAT(16)
 CALL ADJUST (ERP)
 WRITE(15,984) ERP
984 FORMAT(6HERP ,A6)
 870 WRITE(06,118)
118 FORMAT(43HADDITIONAL REPORTS DESIRED? - "YES" DR "NO")
 READ(05,202) REPLY
IF(REPLY .EQ."YES") GO TO 10
IF(REPLY.EQ."NO") GO TO 645
 WRITE(06,875)
 GO TO 870
C - DETACH FILES. -
545 ENDFILE 15
 650 ISWITCH=ISTAT3
 CALL DETACH(10, ISTAT, BUF)
 IF (ISTAT.NE.ISTAT3) ISWITCH=ISTAT
 CALL DETACH(15, ISTAT, BUF)
 IF (ISTAT.NE.ISTAT3) ISWITCH=ISTAT
 CALL BETACH(30, ISTAT, BUF)
 IF (ISTAT.NE.ISTATS) ISWITCH=ISTAT
CALL DETACH(25, ISTAT, BUF)
IF(1STAT.NE.ISTAT3) ISWITCH=ISTAT
 IF (ISWITCH.EQ.ISTAT3) GO TO 651
 WRITE(06,5005)
5005 FORMAT("UNABLE TO BETACH FILES. EXECUTE A 'REMO CLEARFILES'", 8/," AFTER THIS PROGRAM TERMINATES.")
 551 CONTINUE
HTITE(06,199)
199 FORMAT(33HREMTEX EDIT PROGRAM HAS COMPLETED)
 WRITE(76,198)
 198 FORMAT(///15HHAVE A NICE DAY)
 STOP
 END
```

SUBROUTINE ADJUST(BUFF)
CHARACTER BUFF+6, REC+1(6), BLANK+1
DATA BLANK/1H /
DECODE(BUFF, 300) (REC(I), I=1,6)
300 FORMAT(6A1)
D0 400 I=1,6
IF(REC(6-I+1).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 400
JJ=I-1
IF(JJ.EQ.0) RETURN
G0 TO 410
400 CONTINUE
RETURN
410 D0 420 I=1, JJ
D0 450 J=1,5
REC(6-J+1)=REC(6-J)
450 CONTINUE
REC(1)=BLANK
420 CONTINUE
REC(1)=BLANK
420 CONTINUE
ENCODE(BUFF, 310) (REC(I), I=1,6)
310 FORMAT(6A1)
RETURN
END

APPENDIX B
SOURCE LISTING OF RXPROC

```
COMMON/PLOTER/ XDAT(11, 100), YDAT(11, 100), NBR(11),
                     YLABLS(6,10), XLABL(6), LINES, TYPE, TITLE(6), TITLE1(6),
                      TITLES(6), TITLES(6), XSCALE(11), YSCALE(11)
               PARAMETER NDP=1000
              DIMENSION IGRAPH (22,56)
 6
               DIMENSION HISLAB(6)
              DIMENSION ICHAR (36,7)
               INTEGER CATFIL(7), ONE, THREE, FIVE, ONETWO, TREFOR, FIVSIX, UNDER 1,
 8
              1 UNDER2
10
               DIMENSION IQUAL (6), IFORM (6), IENT (6), ITYP (6)
11
               DIMENSION IX(20), X(20)
              DIMENSION ITAPE(2)
12
13
               INTEGER BUFFER (400)
               CHARACTER CGRAPH*6(22,56), CNBUFF*6(7), CYLABL*6(6,10), CHISLB*6(6),
14
15
              1 LINSIZ *6(14)
              EUUIVALENCE (IGRAPH(1,1), CGRAPH(1,1)), (INBUFF(1), CNBUFF(1)),
16
17
              2 (HISLAB(1),CHISLB(1)),(YLABLS(1,1),CYLABL(1,1))
18
              EQUIVALENCE (X.IX)
19
                CHARACTER DATV * 126, 1TABT * 6, 1TAB * 6(6), FORMT * 36
0.5
               CHARACTER FORM * 36(20)
21
               CHARACTER DNAM(NDP, 2), DTAB(NDP)
22
              INTEGER DOUAL (NDP), DFORM (NDP), DTYP (NDP), DENT (NDP)
23
               DIMENSION INBUFF(7)
              INTEGER TYPE
               INTEGER UNIT(6)
25
              INTEGER TICK2,TICK4,TICK6
INTEGER YLAHLS,XLAHL,TITLE,TITLE1,TITLE2,TITLE3,HISLAH
26
27
28
               INTEGER XSCALE, YSCALE, XINC, YINC
               INTEGER APOSTR, BLANK, YDASH
29
               INTEGER APOST, APOSZ, APOS3, APOS4, APOS5, APOS6, APOS16, DAP
30
               INTEGER QUAL(6), PIDATA(40,100)
31
               CHARACTER ICOMM + 6 . XVAR + 6 . YVAR + 6 (6)
32
               DATA DAP/6H
33
                             /6H*
34
               DATA APOST
                             16H .
35
               DATA APOSZ
                            /6H ' /
               DATA APOSS
36
37
               DATA APOS4
               DATA APOSS
38
               DATA APOSE
                             1611
30
                             16H'
40
               DATA APOSTO
41
               DATA YDASH/6H----/
               DATA TICK2/6H-+---/
42
               DATA TICK4/6H---/
43
               DATA TICK6/6H----+/
44
               DATA UNIT/1000000,100000,10000,1000,100,10/
45
46
               DATA BLANK/6H
47
               DATA ONETWO
                                   /' 3 4'/
/' 5 6'/
/' 1 '/
48
               DATA TREFOR
49
               DATA FIVSIX
               DATA ONE
50
                                   :
               DATA THREE
51
               DATA FIVE
                                       5
52
               DATA UNDERT
                                   1.
5 3
               DATA UNDERZ
54
               DATA CATFIL (7)/1:1/
55
56
               DATA 11APE(1)/6H30002U/
```

```
SECTION A
                                PERFORM INITIAL HOUSEKEEPING.
 58
                   READ FILE POINTERS FILE (FC=30).
                   ATTACH DICTIONARY FILE (FC=10).
                   RXEDIT COMMANDS FILE (FC=15).
 60
 61
                   AND INPUT DATA FILE (FC=20, TAPE OR DISC).
                   READ AND STORE DICTIONARY DATA.
 62
 63
                   CALL PLOTS (0,0,25)
                   NUM = 1
 64
                   ITAPNO=0
 65
                   MOT = 10
 66
               50 READ (30, 100, END=60, ERR=800) LINSIZ
 67
                   WRITE(06,100) LINSIZ
 68
                   ICOMM = LINSIZ(1)
 64
                   00 51 1=1.0
 70
              51 CNBUFF(I) = LINSIZ(I+1)

IF(ICOMM.EQ.'DIC') GO TO 52

IF(ICOMM.EQ.'COM') GO TO 56

IF(ICOMM.EQ.'TPN') GO TO 550

IF(ICOMM.EQ.'CFS') GO TO 555
 71
 72
 73
 74
 75
                   CALL ERRMSG(12,$901,$903)
 76
77
               GO TO 50
52 DO 53 I=1.6
 78
 79
              53 CATFIL(I) = INBUFF(I)
                   CALL ATTACH (MOT, CATFIL, 1, 0, ISTAT, BUFFER)
 8.0
             IF(ISTAT.EG.0) GO TO 50
WRITE(06,606) CATFIL,ISTAT
606 FORMAT(1x,7A6,'ISTAT=',A6)
 31
 8 2
 83
 84
                   CALL ERRMSG(7,$901,$903)
               60 10 50
56 00 57 I=1.0
 85
 86
               57 CATFIL(1) = INBUFF(1)
 87
 88
                   CALL ATTACH( 15, CATFIL, 1, 0, ISTAT, BUFFER)
                   IF(ISTAT.EQ.O) GO TO 50
WRITE(00,606) CATFIL, ISTAT
 89
 90
                   CALL ERRMSG(7, $901, $903)
 91
 92
                   GO TO 50
 93
             550 CONTINUE
 94
                   ITAPE(2) = INBUFF(1)
 75
                   CALL MORE (ITAPE, 1, ISTAT)
                   IF(ISTAT.EQ.U) GO TO 551
WRITE(06,552) ISTAT
 97
 98
             552 FORMAT ( ISTAT FROM NORE = 1,46)
 19
                   WRITE(06,553)
           ' 553 FORMAT('NO TAPE DRIVE - WILL REQUEST JOB PUT INTO HOLD QUEUE')
PAUSE 'PLEASE PLACE THIS JOB IN HOLD UNTIL TAPE DRIVE AVAILABLE'
100
101
                   GO TO 550
102
103
             551 CONTINUE
104
                   REWIND 20
105
                   60 10 50
106
             555 CONTINUE
107
                   00 556 1=1.6
                   CATFIL(I) = INBUSE(I)
108
             556 CONTINUE
109
                   CALL ATTACH(20, CATFIL, 1, 0, ISTAT, )
110
                   1F(1STAT.EU.D) GO TO 50
111
                   WRITE(06,606) CATFIL, ISTAT
112
```

```
CALL ERRMS6(7, $901, $905)
113
114
                60 10 50
           60 CONTINUE
115
116
               NDI = D
           301 NOI = NOI+1
117
                IF (NOI.LE.NOP) GO TO 308
118
                CALL ERRMSG(3,$901,$903)
119
           308 REAU(MOT, 305, END=304, ERR=320) DNAM(NDI, 1), DHAM(NDI, 2), DQUAL(NDI),
120
               X DFORM(NDI), DTYP(NDI), DTAB(NDI), DENT(NDI)
121
           305 FURMAT(2(A6,2X),11,2X,12,2X,11,2X,A4,2X,12)
122
                IF(DNAM(NDI,1).NE. 'ZZZZZZZ') GO TO 301
123
124
                READ(MOT, 310, END=325, ERR=320) NFS
125
           310 FURMAT(12)
126
                00 315 I=1.NES
127
                READ(MOT, 321, END=325, ERR=320) FORM(I)
128
            321 FORMAT (A36)
129
           315 CONTINUE
130
                ND 1 = ND I - 1
131
                DO 309 I=1.NDI
132
                WRITE(06,305)(DNAM(1,J),J=1,2),DQUAL(1),DFORM(1),DTYP(1),
133
               X DIAB(I), DENI(I)
           309 CONTINUE
134
                WRITE(06,310) NFS
135
136
                WRITE(06,321) (FORM(I), I=1,NFS)
137
                60 10 5
            304 CALL ERRMSG(14, $901, $903)
1 5 8
139
            320 CALL ERRMS6(13,$901,$903)
140
            325 CALL ERRMSG(15,$901,$903)
             5 CONTINUE
141
          C .. SECTION B
                             PERFORM RECURRING HOUSEKEEPING. OUTPUT DATA POINTS
142
                WILL BE ACCUMULATED IN ARRAY YDAT, INDEXED BY LINE NUMBER, THEN BY INTEGER X VALUE. PRINTER PAGE IMAGES WILL BE COLLECTED IN
143
         (
144
         C
                ARRAY IGRAPH (CGRAPH) INDEXED BY COLUMN NO. (6 COLUMNS PER
145
                COMPUTER WORD), THEN BY ROW NO. WRITE(06,7)
146
         C
147
              7 FORMAT(1H1)
148
                DO 3 J=1.6
149
150
                HISLAB(J) = BLANK
151
              3 CATFIL(J) = BLANK
                00 4 I=1,11
00 4 J=1,100
152
153
154
                XDAT(1,J)=0
155
              4 YDAT(1,J)=0
                00 2 I=1,40
00 2 J=1,100
156
157
158
              2 PIDATA(I,J) = 0
157
                XSCALE(1)=0
                YSCALE(1)=0
160
161
                YSCALE (11)=0
162
                XSCALE(11)=()
163
                IHDD=0
                ISDFL 1=0
164
                I TEMP=0
165
                NOTITE = 0
166
                NOYVAL=0
167
                00 10 1=1.22
168
```

```
169
                  DO 10 J=1.56
170
                  IGRAPH(I,J)=BLANK
              10 CONTINUE
171
                  00 15 I=1,6
00 15 J=1,6
172
173
174
              15 YLAULS (I.J) = BLANK
175
                  DO 40 1=6.22
176
              40 IGRAPH(1,47)=YDASH
          C ** SECTION C READ, INTERPRET, AND PROCESS THE COMMANDS IN THE C COMMANDS FILE. AT EOF, TERMINATE ACTIVITY. AT FINAL COMMAND FOR A REPORT ('ERP'), BRANCH TO SECTION D
177
178
179
180
              80 CONTINUE
                  READ(15, 100, END = 901, ERR = 800) LINSIZ
181
             100 FORMAT(22A6)
182
185
                  WRITE(06,100) LINSIZ
                  ICOMM = LINSIZ(1)

DO 90 I = 1.6
134
185
              90 CNBUFF(I) = LINSIZ(I+1)
IF(ICOMM.EQ.'RTT') 60 TO 500
186
187
                  IF (ICOMM.EQ. 'XAX') GO TO 505
188
                  IF(ICOMM.EQ.'YAX') GO TO 510
IF(ICOMM.EQ.'XSU') GO TO 520
139
190
                  IF(ICOMM.EQ.'YSL') 60 TO 525
IF(ICOMM.EQ.'YSU') 60 TO 530
191
192
193
                  IF(ICOMM.EQ.'XVB') GO TO 535
194
                  IF(ICOMM.EQ. 'YVB') GO TO 540
195
                  IF (ICOMM. EQ. 'ODS') GO TO 560
196
                  1F(1COMM.EQ. 'FMT') GO TO 565
197
                  IF(ICOMM.EQ. 'HAX') GO TO 570
                  1F(1COMM.EQ. 'HOD') GO TO 575
198
199
                  1F(1COMM.EQ. 'ERP') 60 TO 902
200
                  CALL ERRMSG(1,$901,$903)
201
                  GO TO 80
             SOD CONTINUE
202
203
                  NOTITL=NOTITL+1
                  00 501 1=1.6
204
                  111LE1 (NO111L +6-6+1) = 1 NBUFF(1)
205
206
                  IGRAPH(10+1,52+NOT11L)=INBUFF(1)
207
             501 CONTINUE
208
                  GO TO 80
209
             505 CONTINUE
210
                  00 506 1=1.6
211
                  XLAHL(1) = INBUFF(1)
                  IGRAPH(8+1,50) = INBUFF(1)
212
213
             506 CONTINUE
214
                  60 TO 80
             510 CONTINUE
215
216
                  NOYVAL=NOYVAL+1
                  00 511 1=1,6
                  YLABLS (I.NOYVAL) = INBUFF(I)
218
219
             511 CUNTINUE
055
                  60 TO 80
             520 CONTINUE
155
222
                  IF (CNBUFF(1).Eu.'D'.OR.CNBUFF(1).Eu.'DEFAUL') ISOFL T=1
253
                  IF (ISDFLT.EQ.1) 60 10 80
224
             601 FURMAT(16)
```

```
DECODE (ENBUFF(1),601) XSCALE(11)
225
922
                 60 TU 80
227
            525 CONTINUE
                 IF(ISDFLT.Eq.1) 60 10 80
DECODE(CNBUFF(1), 501) YSCALE(1)
855
553
230
                 60 10 80
            530 CONTINUE
231
                 IF (ISDFLT.EQ.1) 60 TO 80
232
                 DECODE(CNBUFF(1),601) YSCALE(11)
233
234
                 60 TO 80
235
            535 CONTINUE
236
                 XVAR = CNBUFF(1)
237
                 14 = ()
238
                 60 10 80
239
            540 CONTINUE
240
241
                 IF(N.LE.NOYVAL) GO TO 541
242
                 CALL ERRMSG(8, $901, $903)
243
                 60 10 80
244
            541 YVAR(N) = CNBUFF(1)
245
                 DECODE(CNBUFF(2),542) QUAL(N)
246
            542 FORMAT(16)
247
                GO TO 80
248
            560 CONTINUE
249
                 IPRINT=1
250
                 IPLOT=1
                 IF(CNBUFF(1).Eq.'CALCOM') IPRINT=0
IF(CNBUFF(1).Eq.'C') IPRINT=0
IF(CNBUFF(1).Eq.'PRINIE') IPLOT=0
251
252
253
254
                 IF(CNBUFF(1).EQ. P')
                                               1601=0
255
                 60 10 80
256
            565 CONTINUE
257
                 ITABLE=0
                 IHIST=1
258
                 IGRAF=1
259
                 IF (CNBUFF(1).EQ. 'GRAPH') IHIST=0
260
                 IF (CNBUFF(1).EQ.'G')
261
                 IF(CNBUFF(1).Eq.'HISTOG') IGRAF=0
IF(CNBUFF(1).Eq.'H') IGRAF=0
262
                                               1 GRAF = ()
263
                 IF (CNBUFF (1) . NE . 'TABLE') GO TO 80
264
                 ITABLE=1
265
                 IGRAF=0
266
                 IHIST=0
267
268
                 IPRINT=1
269
                 IPL01=0
                 60 10 80
            570 CUNTINUE
271
272
                 DO 571 I=1,6
            571 HISLAB(I)=INBUFF(I)
274
                 GO TO 80
            575 IF (CNUUFF(1).EQ. 'YES') IHDD=1
275
276
                 GO TO 80
                 IRRECOVERABLE I/O - TERMINATE PROGRAM
277
          C
            810 CALL ERRMSG(10, $901, $903)
                 IRRECOVERABLE 1/0 - TERMINATE PROGRAM
279
            800 CONTINUE
280
```

```
281
                CALL ERRMSG(2, $901, $903)
282
                TERMINATE PROGRAM
           901 CONTINUE
283
284
                CALL PLOTTR(0)
285
                CALL TOUMP (25)
286
                STUP
287
           903 REWIND 20
288
               60 10 5
                SECTION D
                            COMPARE COMBINATION OF Y VARIABLE NAME, X VARIABLE
289
290
                NAME AND QUALIFIER AGAINST DICTIONARY FOR VALIDITY OF REPORT
         C
291
                REQUEST.
           902 CONTINUE
292
273
           300 00 350 J=1, NOYVAL
294
                IQUAL (J) =0
295
                IF (QUAL(J).NE.U) IQUAL(J)=1
296
                00 340 I=1,ND1
                IF(YVAR(J).NE.DNAM(I,1).OR.XVAR.NE.DNAM(I,2).OR.IQUAL(J).NE.
297
273
               X DQUAL(1)) GO TO 340
299
                IFORM(J) = DFORM(I)
                ITYP(J)=DTYP(I)
300
301
                ITAB(J)=DTAB(I)
302
                IENT(J)=DENT(I)
303
                60 10 350
304
           340 CONTINUE
305
                WRITE(06,360) YVAR(J), XVAR, IQUAL(J), INBUFF(1)
            360 FORMAT(2(A6,2X),12,2X, COMBINATION IS NOT LISTED IN THE',
306
307
               1 'DICTIONARY. REPORT NUMBER', A6, ' HAS BEEN OMITTED.')
308
                CALL ERRMSG(6, $901, $903)
309
               SECTION E READ Y VARIABLE DATA FROM INPUT SOURCE.
510
           350 CONTINUE
311
                MIX = 1
312
                IF(XVAR.EQ.'INDEX') GO TO 452
           400 READ(20,410, END=499, ERR=810) ITABT, INDX, DATV
313
314
           410 FORMAT(A4,12,A126)
                IF ( I TABT . NE . ' OAT ' ) GU TO 400
315
316
                IDAY=INDX
                MIX=MAX()(MIX, IDAY)
317
           415 READ(20,410,END=489,ERR=810) ITABT, INDX, DATV
318
                IF(ITABT.NE. DAY ') GO TO 405
319
320
                IDAY=INDX
                MIX=MAXO(MIX, IDAY)
321
322
                60 10 415
323
           405 DO 420 J=1, NOYVAL
                IF(ITABT.NE.ITAB(J)) GO TO 420
324
325
                IF(IQUAL(J).EQ.()) 60 TO 418
                1F(QUAL(J).NE.INDX) 60 10 420
326
327
           418 NF = IFORM (J)
323
                FORMI=FORM(NF)
324
                1F(11YP(J).EQ.0) GO TO 430
330
                DECODE(DATY, FORMT) (X(I), I=1, IENT(J))
331
                GO TO 455
332
           430 DECODE(DATY, FORMT) (1x(1), 1=1, 1ENT(J))
333
                x(1ENT(J))=Ix(1ENT(J))
334
           435 YDAT(J.IDAY) = X(IENT(J))
335
           420 CONTINUE
336
                GO TO 415
```

```
450 READIZO,410×EMD=493×EMR=810) ITABT, (MDX,DATV 1FRITABT, NE. 1DAY 1) GO 10 450
346
                                           460 CONTINUE
60 TO 450
465 PEAD (ZOLATO LUND=489/ERR=810) IFABI INDX.DATV
15 PEAD (ZOLATO LUND=489/ERR=810) IFABI INDX.DATV
15 (ITAHT.RE. 'URY ') 90 TO 455
90 470 L=1.NOTVAL
15 (ITAHT.RE. ITAH(I) OR RUAL(J).NE.IDAY) 60 TO 470
ALM PROPRIED.
FORM (= 10RM (NF)
15 (ITAHT.RE.) 60 TO 480
345
 352
                                            499 WILLERMSA(0.5701.5903)

493 WILLERMSA(0.5701.5903)

493 IF(IDAY.EW.D) CALL ERRMSG( 9.5901.5903)

494 IF(IDAY.EW.D) CALL ERRMSG( 9.5901.5903)

495 IF(IDAY.EW.D) CALL ERRMSG( 9.5901.5903)

496 FORMALK ESPORT NUMBER AGO, MAS BEEN OMITTED SINCE,)

CALL EXAMSSLITERZOLUSTUS.

497 SCIION ( ALCOLATE MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM VALUES OF THE Y VARIABLE OATH, USE MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM VALUES TO SET THE SCALES, IF THE USER CHOSE SCALE VALUES TOO SMALL FOR THE DATA.

489 CONTINUE

THINETORY(1.1)

THAX=TDAY(1.1)

THAX=TDAY(1.1)
  378
                                                387
   384
   191
```

```
393
               DO 486 I=1.6
374
               J = I
595
           486 IF (IYMAX.GT.UNIT(1)) GO TO 487
           487 YSCALE(11)=YSCALE(11)+UNIT(J)
346
                IF(YSCALE(11).LT.IYMAX) 60 TO 487
327
               YINC=YSCALE(11)/10
378
               GU TU 496
399
           497 XSCALE(11)=((XSCALE(11)+9)/10) *10
400
                XINC = X S C A L E ( 11 ) / 10
401
402
                YSCALE(1) = (YSCALE(1)/10) * 10
                YSCALE(11)=((YSCALE(11)+9)/10)*10
403
404
                YINC=(YSCALE(11)-YSCALE(1))/10
405
           496 CONTINUE
406
               DO 498 I=2,10
407
               XSCALE(I)=XSCALE(I-1)+XINC
408
           498 YSCALE(I)=YSCALE(I-1)+YINC
409
               WRITE THE DATA TO BE PLOTTED.
410
                WRITE (06,482)
411
           482 FORMAT ( 'Y-DATA')
               DO 481 J=1.NOYVAL
412
               DO 481 I=1,MIX
413
                WRITE(06,483) J.I.YDAT(J.1)
414
415
           483 FORMAT(2(2X,12),2X,F10.2)
410
           481 CONTINUE
417
           910 REWIND 20
                           ALL DATA VALUES HAVE BEEN ACCUMULATED IN ARRAY YDAT.
418
         C ** SECTION G
               EACH DATA VALUE IS CONVERTED FOR THE DATA POINT MATRIX PIDATA.
419
         0
               PIDATA IS DIMENSIONED BY 40 FOR THE ROWS OF POINTS ON A PRINTER
420
               PAGE , THEN BY 100 FOR THE COLUMNS OF POINTS ON A PRINTER PAGE.
421
               DU 200 N=1.NOYVAL
422
423
                I = NOYVAL +1 ~N
               DU 200 J=1,100
424
               IF(YDAT(1,J).EQ.0.0) GO TO 200
425
               RATIO=(YDAT(1,J)-YSCALE(1))/(YSCALE(11)-YSCALE(1))
426
                IF(RATIO.LT.0.0) CALL ERRMSG(4,$901,$903)
427
423
                IF(RATIO.GT.1.0) CALL ERRMSG(4,$901,$903)
429
                Z=RATI0 * 40.0
430
                K=2+0.5
431
                IF (K.LE.0) K=1
432
                IF(K.GT.40) K=40
                IF(PTDATA(K.J).NE.U) CALL ERRMSG(5,$301,$903)
433
                PIDATA(K.J)=1
434
          200
435
               CONTINUE
                IF(IPLOT.EG.0) GO TO 920
435
               SECTION H SET UP AND CALL SUBROUTINE PLOTTER FOR LINE GRAPHS AND
437
438
                HISTOGRAMS.
                DO 905 I=1.6
439
           905 \text{ NBR(I)} = \text{MIX}
440
               IF(IGRAF.EG.U) GO TO 915
441
               LINE GRAPH REQUIRED
442
                TYPE = 1
443
                LINES = NOYVAL
444
                CALL PLOTTR (NUM)
445
                NUM = NUM+1
446
           915 IF(IHIST.EQ.0) GO TO 920
447
443
               HISTOGRAM REQUIRED
```

COMPUTER SCIENCES CORP ARLINGTON VA

DESCRIPTION OF THE REMOTE TERMINAL EXECUTIVE (REMTEX) POSTPROCE--ETC(U)

JAN 77 W H POLLITT, M C FLYTHE

CCTC-TM-144-77

NL AD-A040 634 UNCLASSIFIED 2 OF 2 ADA 040634 ## F END DATE FILMED 7-77

```
449
                TYPE = 2
                CALL PLOTTE (NUM)
450
                NUM = NUM+1
451
          920 IF (IPRINT, EQ. U) GO TO 5
C ** SECTION 1 SET UP PRINT PAGE IMAGES AND WRITE POINT GRAPHS,
452
453
454
                HISTOGRAMS. AND TABLES TO THE ONLINE PRINTER.
455
          C
                SET UP Y SCALE INCREMENTS AND AXIS
456
457
458
                ENCODE(CGRAPH(5,3+1+4),700) YSCALE(12-1)
            700 FURMAT(13)
459
460
                K=YSCALE(12-1)/1000
                IF(K.EQ.0) 60 TO 120
461
                ENCODE (CGRAPH(4,3+1+4),711) K
462
            120 CONTINUE
465
464
                DO 122 I=7.47
465
            122 FLD (30,6-1GRAPH(5,1)) = FLD (30,6,DAP)
466
                00 124 1=7.47.4
457
            124 FLD(24-6-1GRAPH(5-1)) = FLD(24-6-DAP)
                IF (IHIST, EQ. 0) GO TO 225
468
467
                SET UP HISTOGRAM
                IF (HISLAB(1) . NE. BLANK) 60 10 204
470
                00 203 1=1.6
471
            203 HISLAB(1) = YLABLS(1,1)
472
473
            204 CONTINUE
474
                00 205 1=1.6
475
            205 DECODE (CHISL8(1) +610) (ICHAR(J,1), J=1+6-5,36)
            00 206 1=11,46
206 ENCODE(CGRAPH(3,1),619) ICHAR(1-10,1)
476
477
478
            619 FORMAT (SX,A1)
                00 210 I=1,xSCALE(11),16
00 211 J=6,22
479
480
                DO 211 K=5.46
481
                IGRAPH(J.48) = BLANK
482
            211 IGRAPH (J.K) = BLANK
483
                00 212 J=6,21
484
485
                K= I+J-6
                IF(K.GT.XSCALE(11)) GO TO 220
486
                IF(K.GT.MIX) GO TO 220
ENCODE(CGRAPH(J.48),250)
437
488
            250 FORMAT(1x,13,2x)
489
                00 213 L=7 = 46
690
491
                 1F(PTDATA(47-L.K).NE.1) GO TO 213
492
                 IGRAPH(J.L)=YDASH
493
                 IF(IHDD.EW.O) GO 10 215
494
                 LIENP = YDAT(1+K)
495
                ENCODE (CGRAPH(J,t-1),711) ITEMP
496
            215 CONTINUE
                1F(L,EQ.46) GO TO 212
DO 214 M=L+1,46
497
498
                IF(J.NE.6) IGRAPH(J.M) = APOST
499
            214 \text{ IGRAPH}(J+1,M) = APOS1
500
                60 TO 212
501
502
           213 CONTINUE
503
            212 CONTINUE
               OUTPUT HISTOGRAM
504
```

```
505
                WRITE(06,101)
            101 FORMAT (1H1)
506
                WRITE(06,100)
                                 IGRAPH
507
           210 CONTINUE
508
509
                OUTPUT FINAL PAGE OF HISTOGRAM
         C
           220 WRITE(06,101)
510
                                IGRAPH
511
                WRITE (06, 100)
           225 1F(1GRAF.EQ.0) GO TO 950
512
513
         C
                SET UP POINT GRAPH.
514
515
                SET UP Y AXIS LABELS.
                00 546 I=1.6
00 546 J=1.6
516
517
518
           546 DECODE(CYLABL(J.1),610) ICHAR(J*6-5,1), ICHAR(J*6-4,1),
                      ICHAR(J*6-3,1),1CHAR(J*6-2,1),1CHAR(J*6-1,1),1CHAR(J*6,1)
519
            610 FORMAT (641)
520
                00 547 1=11,46
521
                ENCODE (CGRAPH(1.1),620) ICHAR(1-10,1),1CHAR(1-10,2)
522
           ENCODE (CGRAPH(2,1),620) ICHAR(1-10,3),ICHAR(1-10,4)
547 ENCODE (CGRAPH(3,1),620) ICHAR(1-10,5),ICHAR(1-10,6)
523
524
            620 FORMAT(2x,A1,2x,A1)
525
                IGRAPH(1,8) = ONE
526
                IGRAPH(1,9)=UNDER1
527
                IF (NOYVAL.E4.1) GO TO 590
528
524
                IGRAPH(1,8)=ONETWO
530
                IGRAPH(1,9)=UNDER2
531
                IF (NOYVAL.E4.2) GO TO 590
532
                IGRAPH(2.8) = THREE
533
                IGRAPH(2,9)=UNDER1
534
                IF (NOYVAL.EQ.3) GO TO 590
535
                IGRAPH(2,8)=TREFOR
                IGRAPH(2,9)=UNDER2
536
                IF(NOYVAL.EQ.4) GO TO 590
537
538
                IGRAPH(3,8)=FIVE
                IGRAPH (3,9) = UNDER1
539
                IF(NOYVAL. EQ. 5) GO TO 590
540
541
                IGRAPH(3,8)=FIVSIX
542
                IGRAPH(3,9)=UNDER2
543
                SET UP X SCALE INCREMENTS
           590 CONTINUE
544
545
                00 548 1=6,22,5
546
                IGRAPH(I+1,47) = TICK4
547
                IF(1.GE.21) GO TO 548
                IGRAPH(1+3,47) = TICK2
548
549
                IGRAPH(1+4,47) = TICK6
550
           548 CONTINUE
551
                00 549 1=6,22
552
            549 IGRAPH(1,48) = BLANK
553
                J = 1
                DU 130 1=5,22,5
554
                ENCODE(CGRAPH(I,48),711) XSCALE(J)
555
            711 FORMAT(16)
556
557
            130 J=J+5
558
                J=5
                DU 140 1=7.22.5
554
                ENCODE(CGRAPH(1,48),712) XSCALE(J)
560
```

```
712 FORMAT (14)
561
            140 3=1+3
562
              J = 5
563
                DO 150 1=9,22,5
564
                ENCODE(CGRAPH(1,48),713) XSCALE(J)
565
           713 FURMAT(12)
566
567
           150 J=J+3
568
                SET UP DATA POINTS
569
                DO 230 1=6,22
                DO 230 J=6,46
570
571
            230 IGRAPH(1,J) = BLANK
                DO 235 I=1,40
DO 235 J=1,100
572
573
574
                IF(PIDATA(1,J).EQ.0) 60 TO 235
                K = (J*10)/XINC
575
576
                IF (K.EQ.U) K=1
                Z = 6.0 + (K-1)/6.0
577
578
                1 = 1
                A = 36.0 + (Z-L)
579
580
                M=A+0.1
                FLD(M,6,1GRAPH(L,47-1)) = FLD(30,6,PTDATA(1,J))
581
582
            235 CONTINUE
583
                OUTPUT POINT GRAPH
                WRITE(06,101)
584
                WRITE (06, 100)
                               IGRAPH
585
           950 IF (ITABLE.EQ.0) GO TO 5
586
587
          C
              SET UP TABLE
                IPAGE = 0
588
589
                LINECT=1
                SET UP AND OUTPUT HEADERS
590
          C
            951 CONTINUE
591
                IPAGE = IPAGE + 1
592
                WRITE(06,101)
593
                WRITE(06,650) (TITLE1(I), I=1,6), IPAGE
594
595
            650 FORMAT(48x,6A6,25x,5HPAGE ,12)
596
                WRITE(06,651) (TITLE2(1),1=1,6)
597
                WRITE(06,651) (TITLE3(1),1=1,6)
            651 FURMAT (48x,6A6)
598
                WRITE(06,655) (XLABL(1),1=1,5),((YLABLS(J,K),J=1,3),K=1,5),
599
               1 YLAGLS (1,6), YLABLS (2,6)
600
            655 FORMAT (/6x, 3A6, 6x, 5 (3A6), 2A6)
601
               OUTPUT DATA LINES
602
            955 WRITE(06,660) LINECT, (YDAT(I, LINECT), I=1, NOYVAL)
603
            660 FORMAT(/6x,16,12x,6(6x,F12.1))
604
                IF (LINECT.EQ.MIX) 60 TO 5
LINECT = LINECT + 1
605
606
                I=(LINECT/25) +25
607
608
                J=(LINECT *25)/25
609
                IF(I.EQ.J) 60 TO 951
610
                GO TO 955
611
                END
```

```
SUBROUTINE PLOTTR(NUM)
               COMMON/PLOTER/ XDAT(11,100), YDAT(11,100), NBR(11),
                      YLABLS(10), XLABL, LINES, TYPE, TITLE, TITLE1, TITLE2, TITLE3,
 3
 4
                      XSCALE(11) . YSCALE(11)
 5
               INTEGER XSCALE, YSCALE
 6
               DIMENSION X(1002), XPLT(102), YPLT(102), Y(1100)
               EQUIVALENCE (X(1), XDAT(1,1))
               DIMENSION YPUS (4)
 8
               CHARACTER YLAULS * 36, XLAUL * 36, TITLE * 36, TITLE 1 * 36, TITLE 2 * 36,
 9
10
                     TITLE 3 4 36
               INTEGER TYPE
11
               DATA BLANK ' '/, YPUS /- 30.0, 10.0, 10.0, 10.0/, XPOS / U.U/
12
13
               DATA XLEN/5.U/, YLEN/5.0/
                  IF TYPE = 1 LINE GRAPH
14
                                  HISTOGRAM
15
        C
                   IF TYPE = 1
16
        C
                                  CUNTAINS X-COORDINATE ,M DATA POINTS,N LINES
17
                      XDAT(N.M)
        C
                                  CONTAINS Y-COORDINATE ,M DATA POINTS,N LINES NUMBER OF DATA POINTS FOR EACH LINE
        C
                      YDAT(N,M)
18
14
        C
                      NHR(N)
                                  Y-AXIS LABELS FOR EACH LINE
20
                      YLABLS(N)
        C
                                  X-AXIS LABEL
                      XLABL
21
         C
                                  TITLE OF PLOT
22
         C
                      TITLE
                                  LENGTH OF X-AXIS
23
         C
                      XLEN
                                  LENGTH OF Y-AXIS
24
         C
                      YLEN
                                  NUMBER OF LINES TO BE PLOTTED
25
                      LINES
26
27
                   IF TYPE = 2
                      YDAT(1,100) CONTAINS VALUE OF EACH BAR IN HISTOGRAM
28
         C
29
                      NBR(1)
                                  CONTAINS NUMBER OF BARS TO BE PLOTTED
        C
30
                                  LENGTH OF X-AXIS
                      XLEN
         C
31
                                  LENGTH OF Y-AXIS
        C
                      YLEN
                                  Y-AXIS LABEL
32
                      YLABLS(1)
        C
33
                                  TITLE OF PLUT
                      TITLE
        C
34
        C
35
         C
36
               *** NOTE ***
        C
         C
                     XDAT AND YDAT ARRAYS MUST BE INITIALIZED TO ZERO
38
         C
39
                     BEFORE DATA IS PLACED IN THE ARRAYS FOR EACH PLOT
40
41
               IF (NUM .EQ. 0) GO TO 1000
               DO 1 I=1,NBR(1)
42
43
               DO 1 J=1,6
44
             1 XDAT(J,1) = 1
45
               IF (TYPE .E4. 2) GO TO 100
46
         C*** SET UP AND WRITE LINE GRAPH TO PLOTTER TAPE
               DO 10 I=1,100
               DU 10 J=1,11
48
49
            10 \ Y(J+(I-1)*11) = YDAT(J,I)
               x(1001) = xscale(1)
x(1002) = (xscale(11) - xscale(1))/5
50
51
52
               xx = (xLEN-3.5) *0.5
               CALL NEWAX(0.0,0.0,xLEN,0.0,x(1001),x(1002))
53
54
                CALL SYMBOL (XX,-0.475,0.10, XLABL, 0.0,36)
               CALL SYMBOL (XX, YLEN+0.50,0.10, TITLE 1, 0.0, 36)
56
                CALL SYMBOL (XX, YLEN+U. 35,0.10, TITLE 2,0.0,36)
```

```
(ALL SYMBOL (XX, YLEN+0.20,0.10,111LE3,0.0,36)
                 Y(1001) = YSCALE(1)
 50
                 Y(1002) = (YSCALE(11)-YSCALE(1))/5
                 CALL NEWAX(0.0,0.0, YLEN, 90., Y(1001), Y(1002))
XX = -0.475
 60
 61
                 YY = (YLEN-3.5) +0.5
 62
                 DO 3 I=1.LINES
 65
 64
                 1=1
                 CALL SYMBOL (XX,YY,0.10,YLAULS(1),90.,36)
CALL SYMBOL (XX,YY+3.7,0.1,J,90.0,-1)
 65
 66
 67
                 xx = xx-0.15
 68
              3 CONTINUE
                 DO 4 I=1.LINES
 70
                 DO 5 J=1.NBR(I)
 71
                 XPLT(J) = XDAT(I.J)
                 YPLT(J) = YDAT(1.J)
 72
 73
              5 CONTINUE
 74
                 XPLT(NHR(1)+1) = X(1001)
 75
                 XPLT(NBR(I)+2) = X(1002)
                 YPLT(NBR(1)+1)= Y(1001)
 76
                 YPL T (NBR (1)+2) = Y (1002)
 77
 78
                K = 1
 70
                 CALL LINE(XPLT, YPLT, NBR(I), 1, 1, K)
 80
              4 CONTINUE
 81
              71 = MOD(NUM,4)
 82
                 x = 0.0
 83
                 IF(I.EQ.0)
                                xPOS = 10.0
 84
                 CALL PLUT (XPUS, YPUS(I+1),-3)
 85
                 RETURN
          C*** SET UP AND WRITE HISTOGRAM TO PLOTTER TAPE
 87
            100 CONTINUE
                DO 11 I=1,1100
 88
             11 Y(I)=0.0
 87
 90
                00 12 J=1,100
             12 Y(J) = YDAT(1,J)
 91
                 Y(101) = YSCALE(1)
 92
                 Y(102) = (YSCALE(11)-YSCALE(1))/5
 93
 94
                 CALL NEWAX(0.0,0.0, YLEN, 70., Y(101), Y(102))
                 XX = (XLEN -3.5) +0.5
CALL SYMBOL(XX,-0.475,0.10,XLABL,0.0,36)
 95
 96
 97
                 CALL SYMBOL (XX, YLEN+U. 50, 0.10, TITLE 1, 0.0, 36)
 98
                 CALL SYMBOL (XX, YLEN+0.35, 0.10, TITLE 2, 0.0, 36)
 99
                 CALL SYMBOL (XX, YLEN+0. 20, 0. 10, TITLE 3, 0.0, 36)
100
                 xx= 0.
                 YY= 0.
101
102
                 WIDTH = XLEN/NBR(1)
                 00 6 1 = 1.NBR(1)
103
                 HGT = ( Y(1) - Y(101)) / Y(102)

CALL BAR(XX,YY,0,.HGT,WIDTH,U.,1,0)
104
105
                 XXX = XX + 0.3* WIDTH
106
107
                 A = 1
                 CALL NUMBER (XXX,-0.1,0.07,A,0.,-1)
108
109
                 XX = XX + WIDTH
110
              6 CONTINUE
111
                 YY = (YLEN -3.5) +0.5
                 CALL SYMBOL (-0.475, YY, 0.10, YLABLS(1), 90.0, 36)
112
```

113 GO TO 7
114 C*** CLOSE OUT PLOTTER TAPE
115 1000 CALL PLOT(0.,0.,999)
116 RETURN
117 END

```
SUBROUTINE NEWAX (XPAGE, YPAGE, AXLEN, ANGLE, FIRSTV, DELTAV)
                ANGL = ANGLE
                IF (ANGL.EQ. 90.) ANGL =1.57080
                IS=FIRSTV
 5
                IDEL = DEL TAV
                IPI=IS
 Ó
                XZ=XPAGE+AXLEN*COS(ANGL)
                Y2=YPAGE+AXLEN+SIN(ANGL)
 8
               CALL PLOT (XPAGE, YPAGE, 3)
10
               CALL PLOT(X2,Y2,2)
11
               N=AXLEN
               DELX=.05 * SIN(ANGL)
12
               DELY= . 05 * COS (ANGL)
15
               X2=XPAGE;Y2=YPAGE
14
               CALL PLOT(X2, Y2,3)
15
16
               00 10 I=1.N+1
17
               CALL PLOT(X2-DELX,Y2-DELY,2)
18
                ITEST1=0
19
               116512=10
20
               DO 20 M=1.9
               XN = M
21
22
               IFCIPT.GE.ITEST1.AND.IPT.LT.ITEST2) GO TO 30
23
               ITEST1=ITEST2
               11EST2=1TEST2+10
24
25
               XN = 0
26
           20 CONTINUE
                IF (XN.NE.O.) GO TO 30
27
28
               WRITE(06,12)
            12 FORMAT ('SCALE VALUES 100 LARGE TO PRINT')
29
               CALL PLOT(0.,0.,999)
30
31
               CALL TOUMP (25)
32
               STOP
3 3
            30 XN=XN/2.
               x1=x2-.18*SIN(ANGL)-XN*.1*CUS(ANGL)
Y1=y2-.18*COS(ANGL)-XN*.1*SIN(ANGL)
35
36
               FPN=IS+(1-1) + IDEL
37
               CALL NUMBER(X1, Y1, . 1, FPN, ANGLE, -1)
               IF(I.EQ.N+1) GO TO 10
38
39
                IPT = IPT + IDEL
               x2=x2+1. + COS (ANGL)
40
41
                YZ=YZ+1. +SIN(ANGL)
                CALL PLOT(XZ,YZ,3)
42
            10 CONTINUE
43
44
                RETURN
45
                END
```

```
SUBROUTINE ERRMSG(IERR, 3, 1)
               CHARACTER INSUFF * 6 (13)
               IF (IERR. GE. 1. AND. IERR. LE. 16) GO 10 10
               WRITE(06,1000)
         1000 FORMATCIX, WARNING--ERRNSG ARGUMENT IS OUT OF RANGE-CHECK ..
6
              * 'RXPROC.')
              RETURN
           10 60 TO (11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25), IERR
 8
 9
           11 WRITE (06,1001)
         1001 FORMAT(1x, WARNING -- ILLEGAL COMMAND ON COMMANDS FILE )
10
11
              RETURN
           12 WRITE(06,1002)
12
13
         1002 FORMAT(1x, IRRECOVERABLE 1/0 ERROR ON COMMANDS FILE. PROGRAM ',
14
             1 'TERMINATED.')
15
              RETURN 1
16
           13 WRITE(06,1003)
17
         1003 FORMAT(1x, NUMBER OF DICTIONARY ITEMS EXCEEDS STORAGE SPACE. ..
             2 'PROGRAM TERMINATED.')
18
19
              RETURN 1
20
           14 WRITE (06, 1004)
21
         1004 FORMAT(1x, WARNING-~SCALE RANGE TOO SMALL. DEFAULT RANGE USED*)
22
              RETURN
23
           15 WRITE (06, 1005)
         1005 FORMAT(1x, WARNING -- TWO OR MORE DATA POINTS OCCUPY SAME POSITION')
24
25
              RETURN
26
           16 RETURN 2
27
           17 WRITE (06, 1007)
         1007 FORMAT(1x, UNABLE TO ATTACH SPECIFIED PERM FILE. ..
28
29
             1 'PROGRAM TERMINATED.')
30
              RETURN 1
31
           18 WRITE (06,1008)
32
         1008 FORMAT(1x, WARNING--THE NUMBER OF Y VARIABLE NAMES EXCEEDS THE ..
             5 'NUMBER OF Y TITLES. EXTRA Y VARIABLE NAMES HAVE BEEN IGNORED.')
33
34
              RETURN
           19 WRITE (06, 1009)
35
         1009 FORMAT(1x, word day NOT ENCOUNTERED ON FILE 20. PROGRAM ..
36
37
             4 'TERMINATED.')
              RETURN 1
38
           20 WRITE(06,1010)
37
40
         1010 FORMAT(1x, IRRECOVERABLE I/O ERROR ON DATA FILE 20. PROGRAM ..
             5 'TERMINATED.')
41
              RETURN 1
42
43
           21 WRITE(06,1020)
         1020 FORMAT(1x, APPROPRIATE VALUES FOR DAY NOT FOUND ON DATA FILE 20.1)
44
45
              RETURN 2
40
           22 WRITE (06, 1030)
47
         1030 FORMAT(1x, WARNING--ILLEGAL COMMAND ON FILE POINTERS FILE ')
              RETURN
48
49
           23 WRITE(06,1040)
         1040 FORMAT( IRRECOVERABLE 1/0 ERROR ON DICTIONARY. PROGRAM TERMINATED.
50
51
             * )
              RETURN 1
52
           24 WRITE (06, 1050)
53
         1050 FORMAT( ABNORMAL ENDING FOR ITEMS IN THE DICTIONARY. PROGRAM TERMI
54
              *NATED")
55
              RETURN 1
56
```

```
25 WRITE(06.1060)
1060 FORMAT('INCORRECT ENTRY OF DATA DESCRIBING FORMATS ASSOCIATED WITH
57
58
              * THE DICTIONARY. PROGRAM TERMINATED')
               RETURN 1
60
61
            50 READ(15,2000, END=60, ERR=65) INBUFF
62
          2000 FORMAT(1A6,12A6)
63
               GO TO 70
64
            60 WRITE(06,2040)
65
          2040 FORMAT('NO ERP COMMAND FOUND. PROGRAM TERMINATED')
66
               RETURN 1
          65 WRITE(06,1100)
1100 FORMAT(1X, '****ERROR CONDITION ENCOUNTERED WHILE READING ',
6 'COMMANDS FILE. PROGRAM TERMINATED.')
67
68
69
70
               RETURN 1
            70 IF (INBUFF(1).NE. 'ERP') GO TO 50
71
72
               DECODE (INBUFF(2), 2020) IERP
73
          2020 FORMAT(16)
               WRITE(06,2030) IERP
          2030 FORMAT ('REPORT NUMBER', 13, ' HAS BEEN OMITTED')
75
76
                RETURN 2
                END
```

```
1 SYMDEF MORE
3 PCC ON
4 REFMA ON
5 MORE SAVE 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7
```

```
* CALL MURE USING TYPE, NOLIST, ERROR

9 *

10 * NOLIST = NUMBER OF INTERIES IN THE LIST

11 *

12 *

13 * TYPE = TORUFC

14 *

15 * I = 1 - TAPE7

16 * I = 3 - TAPE9

17 * I = 2 - DISK

R = 1 - RANDOM DISK FILE

20 *

21 * FC = TWO (2) CHARACTER FILE CODE

22 *

23 * NEXT WORD - RIGHT ADJUSTED

24 * ETIVE (5) CHARACTER REEL NUMBER

25 * OR = NUMBER OF LINKS REQUESTED

26 *

27 *

28 *

29 *

30
```

```
31
                                              EJECT
000024 000003 2270 31 000
                                   32
                                              LDX7
                                                        3.1 4
000025
         000002 2260 11 000
                                    33
                                              LDX6
                                                        2.1
                    000026
                                    34 NEXT
                                               NULL
         000000 2360 16
0000026
                           000
                                    35
                                               LDU
                                                        0.6
000027
         000072 2350 00
                           010
                                   36
                                              LDA
                                                        =6H000000
000030
         000006 7370 00
                           000
                                   37
                                              LLS
         000022 7350 00
000045 7510 70
000031
                           000
                                               ALS
                                                        18
000032
                           010
                                   39
                                               STCA
                                                        A.70
000033
         000002 1150 03
                           000
                                   40
                                               CMPA
                                                        2,00
000034
         000056 6000 00
                                   41
                           010
                                               TZE
                                                        DISK
000035
         000001 2250 03
                           000
                                   42
                                              LDX5
                                                        1,00
000036
         000045 4450 00
                           010
                                   43
                                               SXLS
                                                        В
         000001 6350 16
000022 7710 00
000037
                           000
                                   44
                                               EAA
                                                        1.6
                           000
                                   45
                                               ARL
000040
                                                        18
         000014 7360 00
                           000
                                                        12
000041
                                   46
                                              QLS
000042
         000022 7730 00
                           000
                                   47
                                               LRL
                                                        18
000043
         000004 7560 31
                           000
                                   48
                                               STQ
                                                        4.1 *
                    000044
                                   49 SAME
                                               NULL
000044
         000011 0010 00 000
                                   50
                                               MME
                                                        GEMURE
                    000045
                                               NULL
000045
         000000 000000 000
                                               ZERO
                                                        0.0
                     000045
                                   53
                                               ORG
                                                        Α
                     000045
                                    54 B
                                              NULL
                           000
                                                        0,0
000045
         000000 000000
                                    55
                                               ZERO
         000066 7100 00
                           010
                                                        ERRUR
                                               TRA
000046
                                   56
         000002 6260 16
777777 6270 17
000047
                           000
                                   57
                                               EAX6
                                                        2,6
000050
                           000
                                                        -1.7
                                   58
                                               EAX7
         000054 6000 00 010
000054 6040 00 010
000054 7100 00 010
                                   59
000051
                                               TZE
                                                        DUNE
                                   60
                                               TIME
000052
                                                        DONE
                                               TRA
000053
                                   61
                                                        NEXT
                                   62 DONE
                    000054
                                              NULL
         000004 4500 31 000
                                                        4 - 1 +
000054
                                   63
                                               STZ
000055
         000001710000
                           010
                                   64
                                               RETURN
                                                        MORE
                    000056
                                   65 DISK
                                              NULL
000056
         000001 2350 16
                           000
                                   66
                                              LDA
                                                        1,6
000057
         000045 7510 07
                           010
                                    67
                                               STCA
                                                        B,07
         000006 7720 00
000060
                           000
                                   68
                                               QRL
                                                        6
000061
         000001 2350 16
                                                        1,6
                           000
                                               LDA
000062
         000045 7510 07
                           010
                                    70
                                               STCA
                                                        B.07
000063
         000044 7100 00
                           010
                                               TRA
                                                        SAME
         000004 4500 31
000064
                                               SIZ
                                                        4,1 *
                           000
                                   72
         000001710000
                                                        MORE
                           010
                                    73
                                               RETURN
000065
                    000066
                                    74 ERROR
                                              NULL
0000066
        000001710000
                           010
                                    75
                                               RETURN
                                                        MORE
ERROR LINKAGE
                            000
000067 0000000000000
000070 444651252020
                            000
  LITERALS
0000072 000000000000
                            000
                                    76
                                               END
```

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17 DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entured in block 20, if different from re-	ort)
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Generalized postprocessor, search and retrieva matter, CalComp 7000, graph, histogram, tabula request.	al, graphic output for- ar, interactive report
19. KEY WORDS (continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)	
This Technical Memorandum (TM) describes the recessory and manufy by block number) This Technical Memorandum (TM) describes the referminal Executive (REMTEX) Postprocessor soft interaction and input requirements are described are presented. Basic program and file mainter included.	ware system. User bed and output formats
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